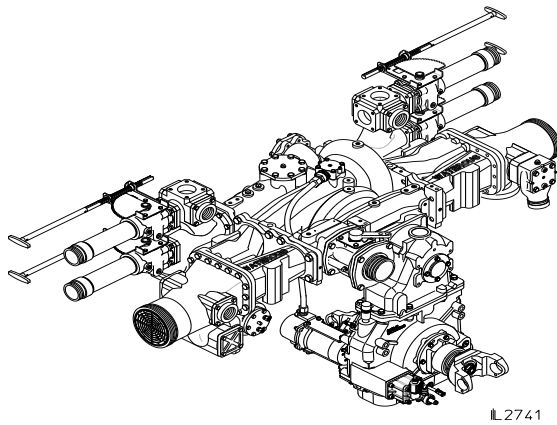


CS/CSU Series Fire Pumps

Overhaul Instructions

Form No. F-1031	Section 4211	Issue Date 06/30/95	Rev. Date 3/25/21
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Type of Overhaul	Pump Drive	See	
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Safety Information

Please read through the safety information and operating instructions carefully before using your Waterous Fire Pump.



WARNING

Death or serious personal injury might occur if proper operating procedures are not followed. The pump operator, as well as individuals connecting supply or discharge hoses to the apparatus must be familiar with these pump operating instructions as well as other operating instructions and manuals for the apparatus, water hydraulics and component limitation.



WARNING

Pressure Hazard. May result in personal injury.

Prior to connection or removal of hoses, caps or other closures with pump intake or pump discharge connections, relieve pressure by opening drains or bleeder valves. Bleeder valves should also be used while filling a hose connected to an intake with water.



WARNING

Scalding Water Hazard. May result in serious burns.

When operating the pump, be sure to open at least one discharge valve slightly to prevent the pump from overheating. If the pump runs for a few minutes completely closed, it may heat the water enough to scald someone when the valve is opened. Overheating can damage the packing, seals and other pump parts. If the apparatus builder has installed a by-pass system or other provision designed to prevent overheating, opening a discharge valve may be unnecessary.



WARNING

Unexpected Truck Movement. May result in serious personal injury or death.

Failure to properly shift transmission in accordance to the transmission operating instructions may result in unexpected truck movement which may result in serious personal injury or death.



WARNING

Rotating Parts Hazard or Unexpected Truck Movement. May result in serious personal injury or death.

Stop the engine, set parking brake and chock the wheels before going under the truck to adjust packing or to check packing gland temperature.



WARNING

Packing Gland and Pump Body Temperature Hazard. May result in serious burns.

Heat is dissipated through the cross-section of the packing, transferring the heat to the packing gland and pump body.

**Table 1: Complete Disassembly of Transmission Mounted Pumps
(For Transmissions Mounted Directly to the Rear of the Pump)**

Overhaul Operation			See Page	
			Pumps with Mechanical Seals	Pumps with Packing
Safety Information			2	2
General Information			7	7
Removal Of:	Transmission		8	8
	Intake Adapters		10	10
	Impeller Shaft Assembly		11	11
Disassembly of Impeller Shaft Components	Outboard Bearing Removal	Prior to April 21, 2006	13, 18, 19	15, 18, 19
		After April 21, 2006	14, 20, 21	16, 20, 21
	Seal Housing	Removal	26	27
		Check	29	30
	Impeller Removal		28	28
Reassembly of Impeller Shaft Components	Cooling Line Check		29	30
	Installing Undersize Wear Rings		31, 32	31, 32
	Impeller / Wear Ring Installation		33, 34	33, 34
	Seal Housing Installation		26	27
	Mechanical Seal Installation		44, 45	-
	Packing	Installation	-	47
		Adjustment	-	47
	Outboard Bearing Installation	Prior to April 21, 2006	13, 22	15, 22
		After April 21, 2006	14, 23	16, 23
	Installing Impeller Shaft Assembly	CS'93 Bodies	35	35
		CS'04 Bodies	36, 37, 38	36, 37, 38
	Installing Body Hardware	CS'93 Bodies	39	39
		CS'04 Bodies	40	40
Installation of Transmission			8	8
Vacuum Test			48	48

Table 2: Complete Disassembly of Transmission Mounted Pumps
(For Transmissions Mounted Directly to the Front of the Pump)

Overhaul Operation		See Page		
		Pumps with Mechanical Seals	Pumps with Packing	
Safety Information		2	2	
General Information		7	7	
Removal Of:	Transmission	9	9	
	Intake Adapters	10	10	
	Impeller Shaft Assembly	12	12	
Disassembly of Impeller Shaft Components	Outboard Bearing Removal	14, 20, 21	16, 20, 21	
	Seal Housing	Removal	26	
		Check	29	
	Impeller Removal	28	28	
Reassembly of Impeller Shaft Components	Cooling Line Check	29	30	
	Installing Undersize Wear Rings	31, 32	31, 32	
	Impeller / Wear Ring Installation	33, 34	33, 34	
	Seal Housing Installation	26	27	
	Mechanical Seal Installation	44, 45	-	
	Packing	Installation	-	47
		Adjustment	-	47
	Outboard Bearing Installation	14, 23	16, 23	
	Installing Impeller Shaft Assembly	36, 37, 38	36, 37, 38	
Installing Body Hardware	40	40		
Installation of Transmission		9	9	
Vacuum Test		48	48	

Table 3: Complete Disassembly of Direct Drive Pumps

Overhaul Operation			See Page	
			Pumps with Mechanical Seals	Pumps with Packing
Safety Information			2	2
General Information			7	7
Removal Of:	Intake Adapters		10	10
	Impeller Shaft Assembly	Front Drive (CW)	12	12
		Rear Drive (CCW)	11	11
Disassembly of Impeller Shaft Components	Outboard Bearing Removal	With Tachometer	17	17
		Without Tachometer	13, 18	15, 18
	End Yoke Removal on Drive End	With Tachometer	24	24
		Without Tachometer	25	25
	Seal Housing Removal	Removal	26	27
		Check	29	30
	Impeller Removal		28	28
Reassembly of Impeller Shaft Components	Cooling Line Check		29	30
	Installing Undersize Wear Rings		31, 32	31, 32
	Impeller / Wear Ring Installation		33, 34	33, 34
	Seal Housing Installation		26	27
	Mechanical Seal Installation		44, 45	-
	Packing	Installation	-	47
		Adjustment	-	47
	Outboard Bearing Installation	With Tachometer	17	17
		Without Tachometer	13, 22	15, 22
	End Yoke Installation on Drive End	With Tachometer	24	24
		Without Tachometer	25	25
	Installing Impeller Shaft Assembly	CS '93 Bodies	35	35
		CS '04 Bodies	36, 37, 38	36, 37, 38
	Installing Body Hardware	CS '93 Bodies	39	39
CS ' 04 Bodies		40	40	
Vaccum Test			48	48

Table 4: Replacement of Packing / Mechanical Seal Without Disassembly the Pump

Pump Driven By	Type of Seal	Operation		See Page	
Transmission (Mounted Directly to the Pump)	Mechanical Seals	Safety Information		2	
		General Information		7	
		Removal Of:	Transmission	Mounted to Rear of Pump	8
				Mounted to Front of Pump	9
		Removal Of:	Outboard Bearing	Prior to 4/21/2006	13, 18, 19
				After 4/21/2006	14, 20
		Seals		41, 42, 43	
		Cooling Line Check		29	
		Installation Of:	Seals		44, 45
			Outboard Bearing	Prior to 4/21/2006	13, 22
	After 4/21/2006			14, 23	
	Transmission		Mounted to Rear of Pump	8	
		Mounted to Front of Pump	9		
	Vacuum Test		48		
	Packing	Safety Information		2	
		General Information		7	
		Packing Removal		46	
		Cooling Line Check		30	
Packing		Installation	47		
		Adjustment	47		
Vacuum Test		48			
Direct Drive (Pump is driven by a remotely mounted transmission or P.T.O. The pump is turned by an end yoke on the impeller shaft)		Mechanical Seals	Safety Information		2
	General Information		7		
	Removal Of:		Outboard Bearing	With Tachometer	13
				Without Tachometer	17
			Drive End Yoke	With Tachometer	24
				Without Tachometer	25
	Seals		41, 42, 43		
	Cooling Line Check		29		
	Installation Of:		Seal Installation		44, 45
			Outboard Bearing Installation	With Tachometer	13
		Without Tachometer		17	
		Drive End Yoke	With Tachometer	24	
	Without Tachometer		25		
	Cooling Line Check		29		
	Packing	Safety Information		2	
		General Information		7	
		Packing Removal		46	
		Cooling Line Check		30	
		Packing	Installation	47	
			Adjustment	47	
Vacuum Test		48			

General Overhaul Information

Tools and Equipment

The following tools and equipment may be needed to overhaul a pump:

1. Usual automotive mechanic's hand tools.
2. An arbor press for assembling or disassembling components.
3. An engine lathe for turning impeller hubs.
4. A suitable hoist and slings.
5. Torque capability up to 325 lb-ft.

While no special tools and equipment are required, a few special items are illustrated or described so the mechanic can make them or they are available from the apparatus manufacturer or the Waterous Company. These special items are not absolutely necessary, but they will make the mechanic's work much easier.

Preliminary Testing

Before disassembling a pump, test it thoroughly, if possible, and record the results. A comparison of this test with periodic tests recommended in form F-1031, Section 1000 can often reveal specific pump troubles. Excessive speed, for instance, indicates that impellers and/or wear rings are probably worn.

Cleaning

The continued satisfactory operation of a pump depends to a great extent upon the cleanliness of its internal parts. Sand, dirt or other abrasive material will wear gears and related parts. Before disassembling a pump for repairs, be sure to clean its exterior. Make sure the working space, benches and tools are clean. Use only clean, lint-free cloths to wipe off components. Before reassembling a pump or its components, be sure to clean them thoroughly.

Pump Bodies and Impellers

Flush out these components and related parts with clean water and remove loose scale, caked sediment, etc. Be sure to remove all traces of old gaskets. Examine pump bodies, covers, adapters and fittings for cracks, severe corrosion or other damage. Almost all damage to these parts results from improper use or maintenance, or from freezing. Replace defective parts.

Bearings, Gaskets, Seals and O-rings

Parts of this nature are frequently damaged during removal or disassembly. In addition, they sometimes deteriorate or lose their effectiveness because of age or misuse. Replacing these parts whenever overhauling a pump is a good policy.

Impeller Shafts

Examine shaft for severe scratches, grooves or corrosion - especially under packing or mechanical seals. If scratches are not severe, and are not under packing and seals, clean them with a fine-cut file. Grooves are usually permissible if they are not sharp or too deep. Even slight longitudinal scratches will cause leaks and should be removed.

Installing Ball Bearings

Most Waterous pumps are designed so that ball bearings fit tightly on their shafts and have relatively loose fits in the bearing housings. When mounting these bearings on shafts, always apply force to the inner races. When bearings have a tight fit in the housings, and a heavy force is necessary to install them, be sure to apply force only to the outer bearing races. For either type of fit, applying force to the wrong bearing race may damage the balls and race.

End Yoke and Companion Flange Nuts

Do not reuse self-locking nuts. Apply lubrication oil to the threads before removing. Apply anti-seize to the threads before installing a new self-locking nut.

Gaskets

CS '04 Pumps (Pumps built after March, 2005)

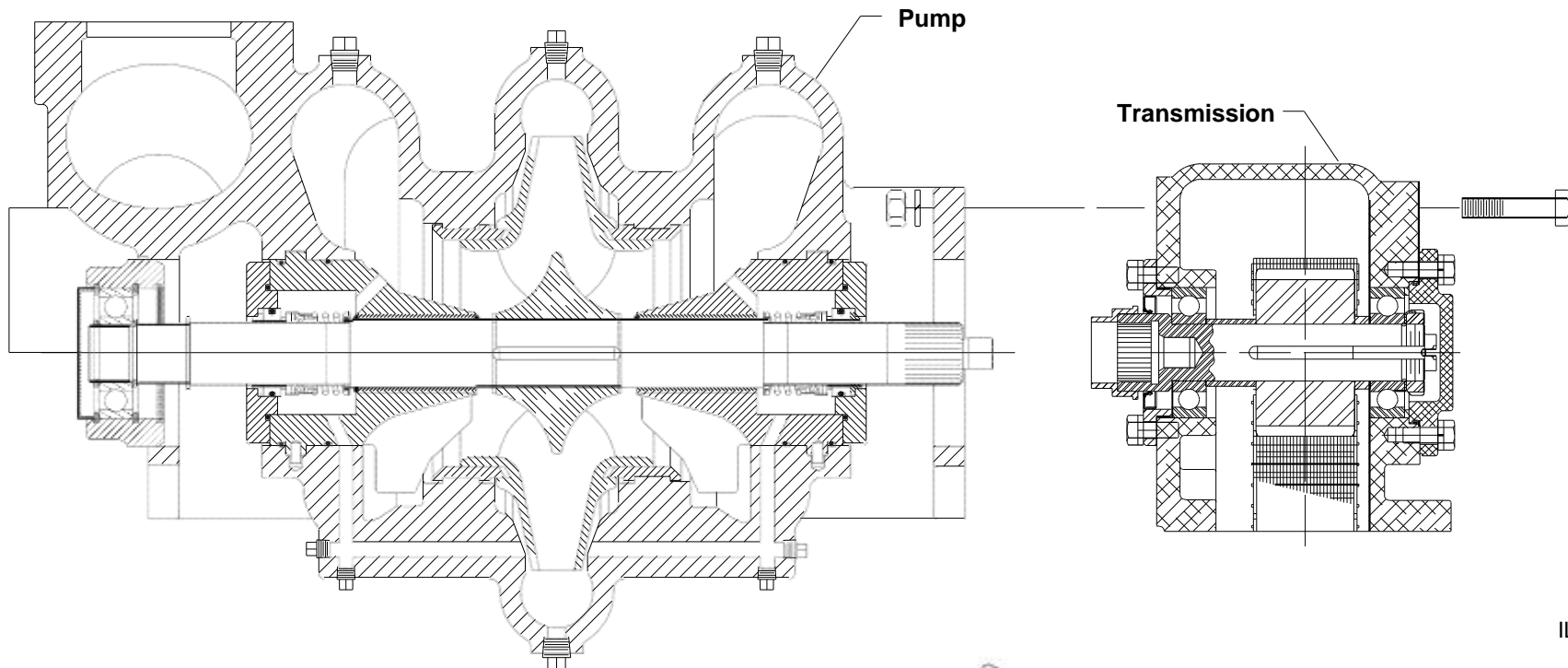
For ease of installation, the CS pump uses a body molded gasket design. The molded gasket, made of nitrile rubber, fits into a channel in the pump body.

CS '93 Pumps (Pumps built from 1994 to March, 2005)

To provide added sealing for gaskets between bodies and intake adapters, coat both sides of these gaskets with a suitable sealant. A compound such as Permatex Super 300 is recommended for this application. Be sure all traces of previous gaskets and sealant are removed before installing new gaskets.

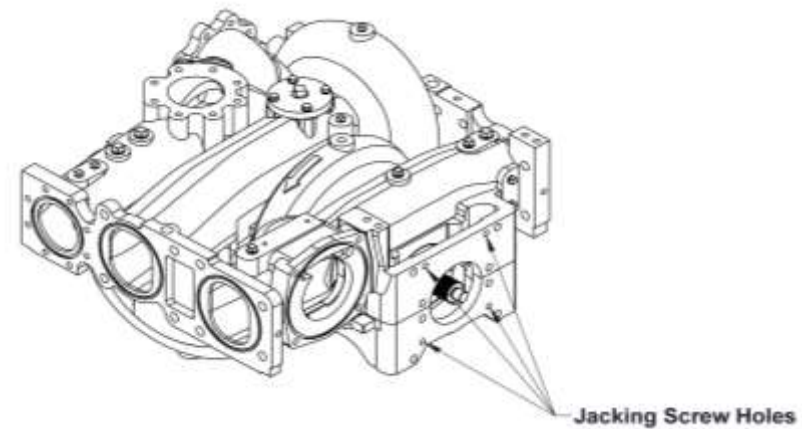
Transmission Removal / Installation

(Transmission Mounted Directly to the Rear of the Pump)



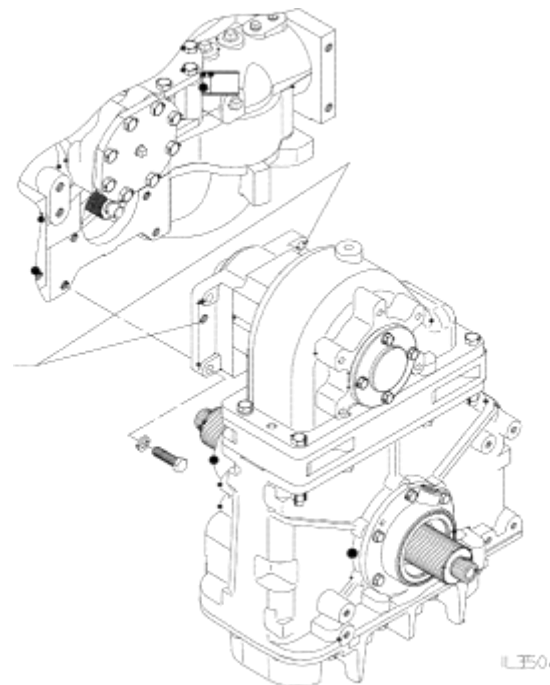
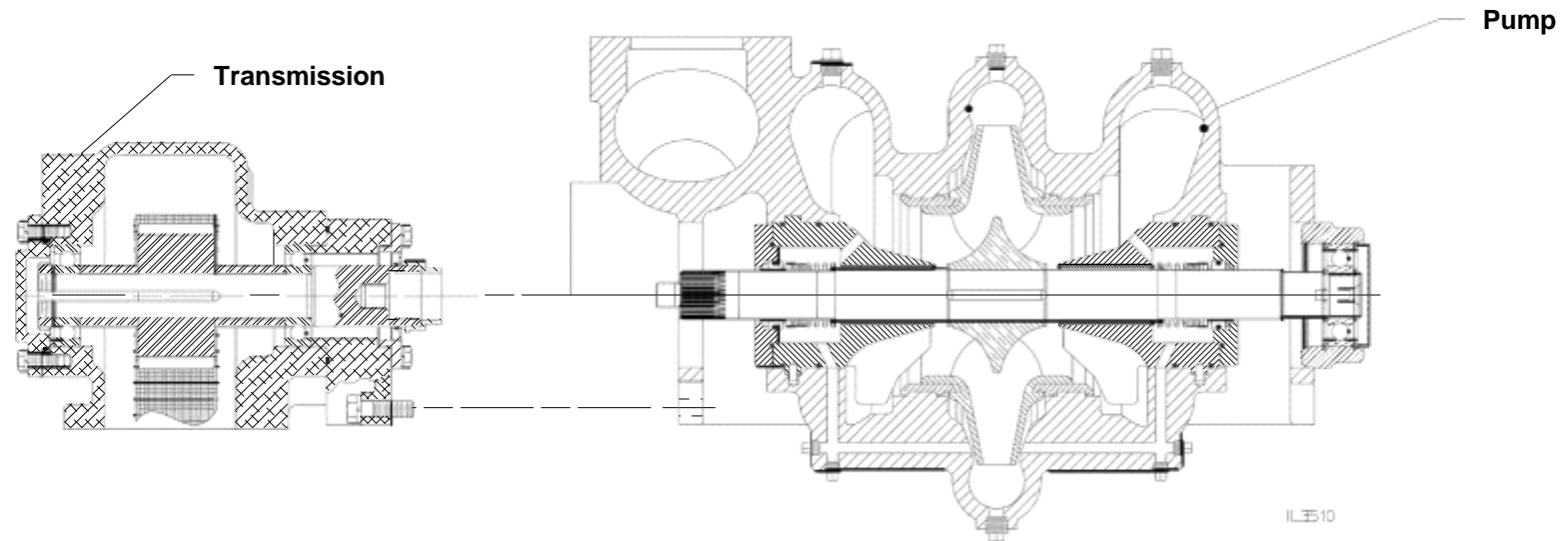
IL1211

1. Remove the four cap screws and lock washers that attach the transmission to the pump.
2. Apply Loctite #242 (blue) to threads when transmission is reattached to the pump. Torque to 85 lb-ft.
3. Use the jacking screw holes to separate the transmission from the pump body.
4. Support transmission and pull straight back from pump.



Transmission Removal / Installation

(Transmission Mounted Directly to the Front of the Pump)

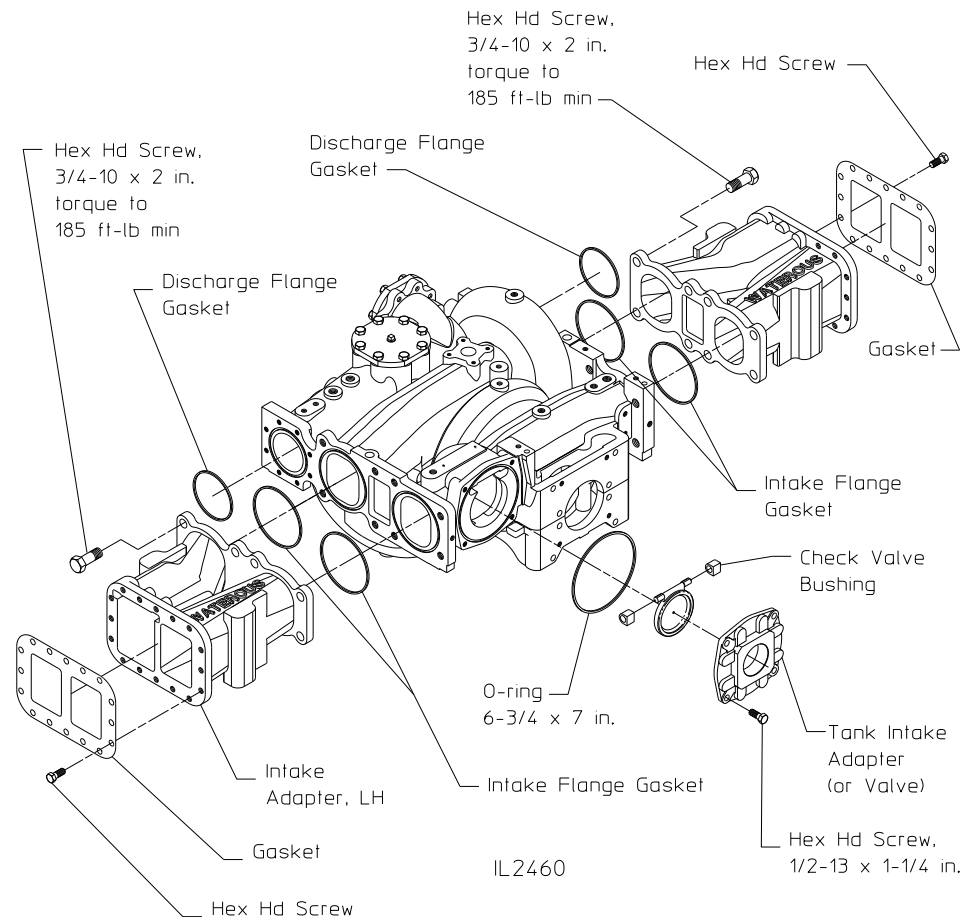


1. Remove the four cap screws and lock washers that attach the transmission to the pump.
2. Apply Loctite #242 (blue) to threads when transmission is reattached to the pump.
3. Use the jacking screw holes to separate the transmission from the pump body.
4. Support transmission and pull straight back from pump.

Intake Adapter Removal / Installation

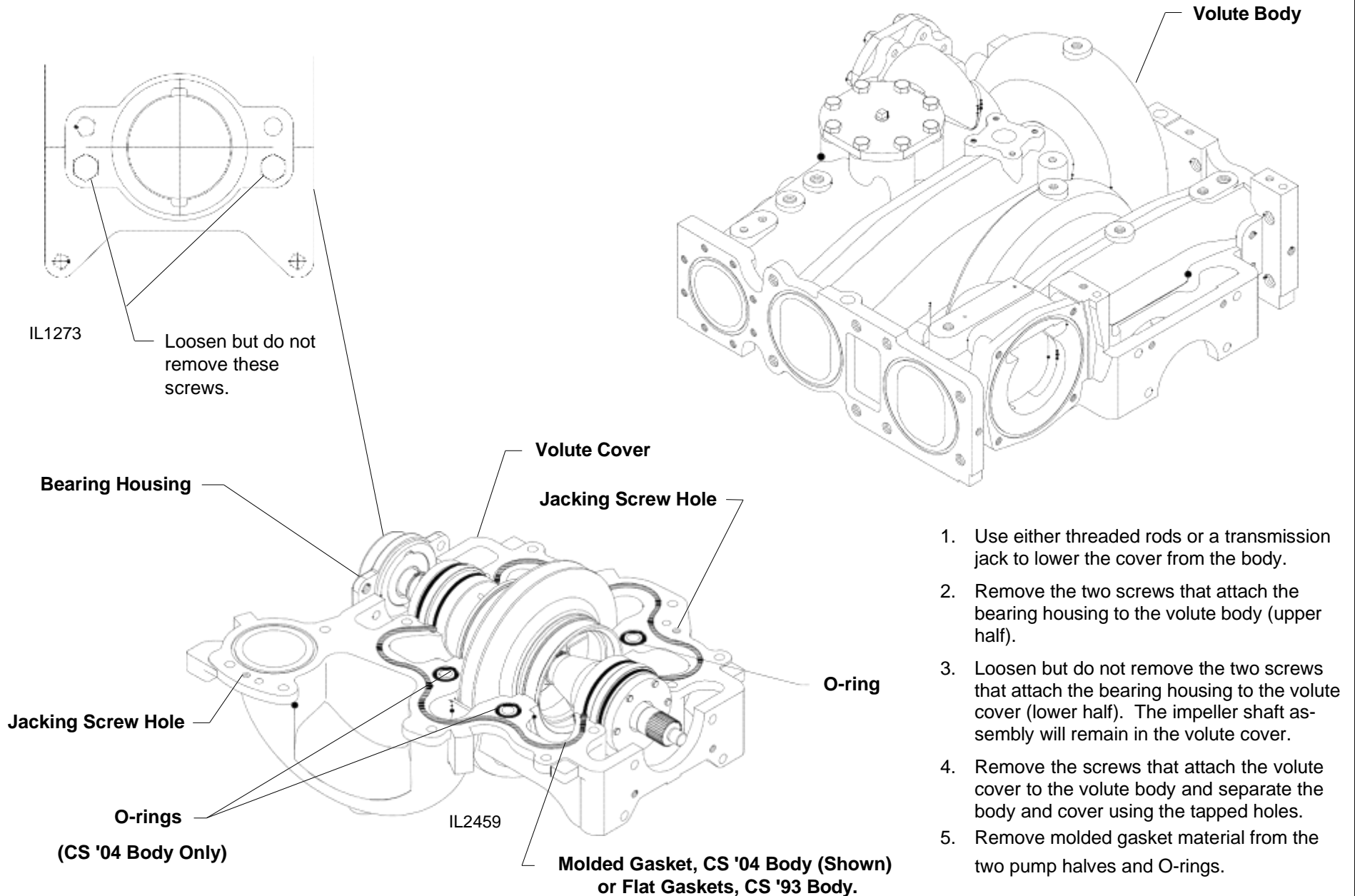
1. Remove the hex hd screws that attach the intake adapters to the pump body.
2. Remove the adapters and gaskets.

NOTE: Removal of intake adapters is only necessary if pump body or adapters need to be replaced.



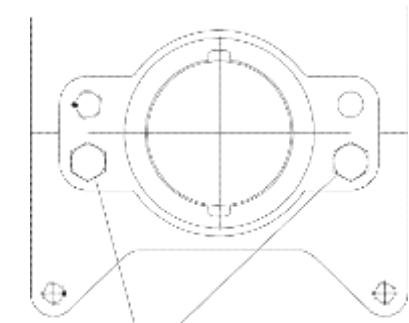
Removal of Impeller Shaft Assembly

(Transmission Mounted Directly to the Rear of the Pump)



Removal of Impeller Shaft Assembly

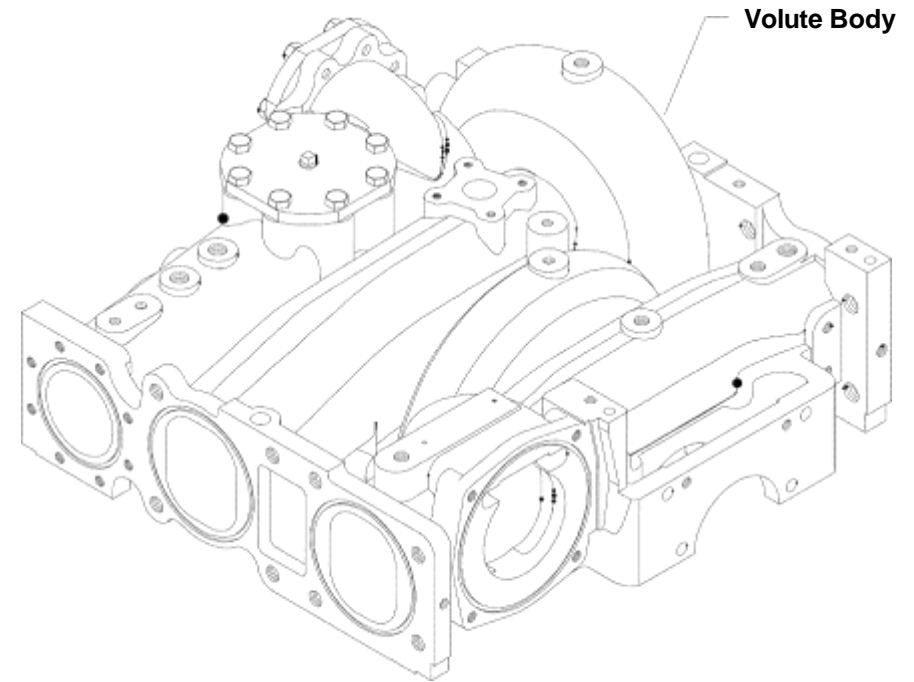
(Transmission Mounted Directly to the Front of the Pump)



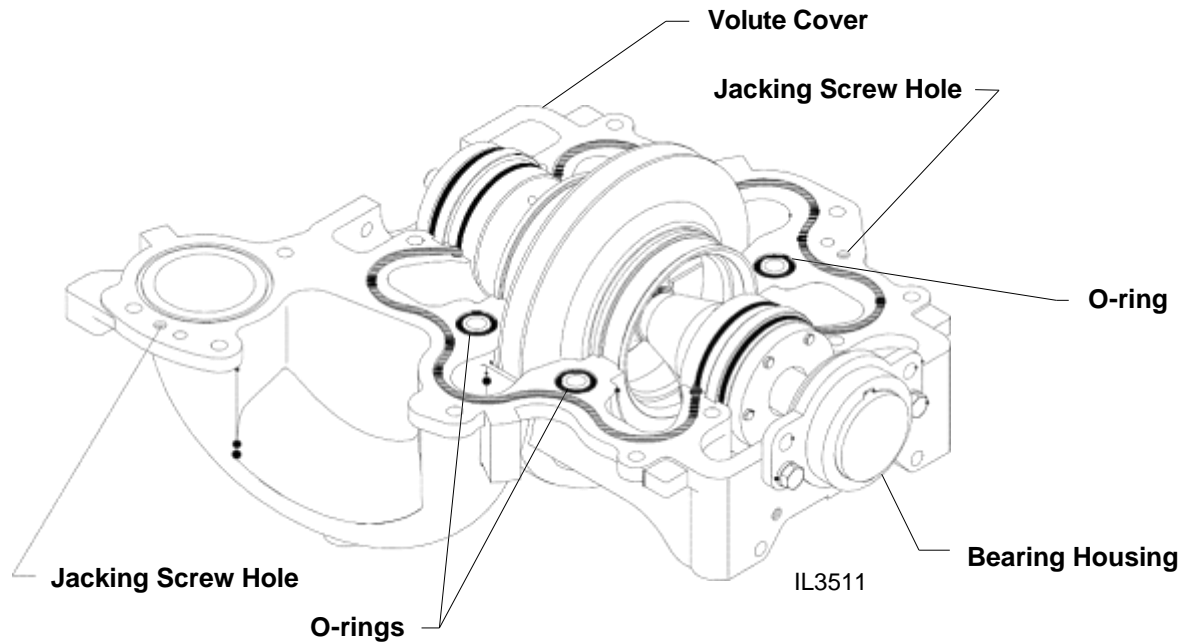
IL1273

Loosen but do not remove these screws.

Bearing Housing



Volute Body



Volute Cover

Jacking Screw Hole

O-ring

Bearing Housing

IL3511

O-rings

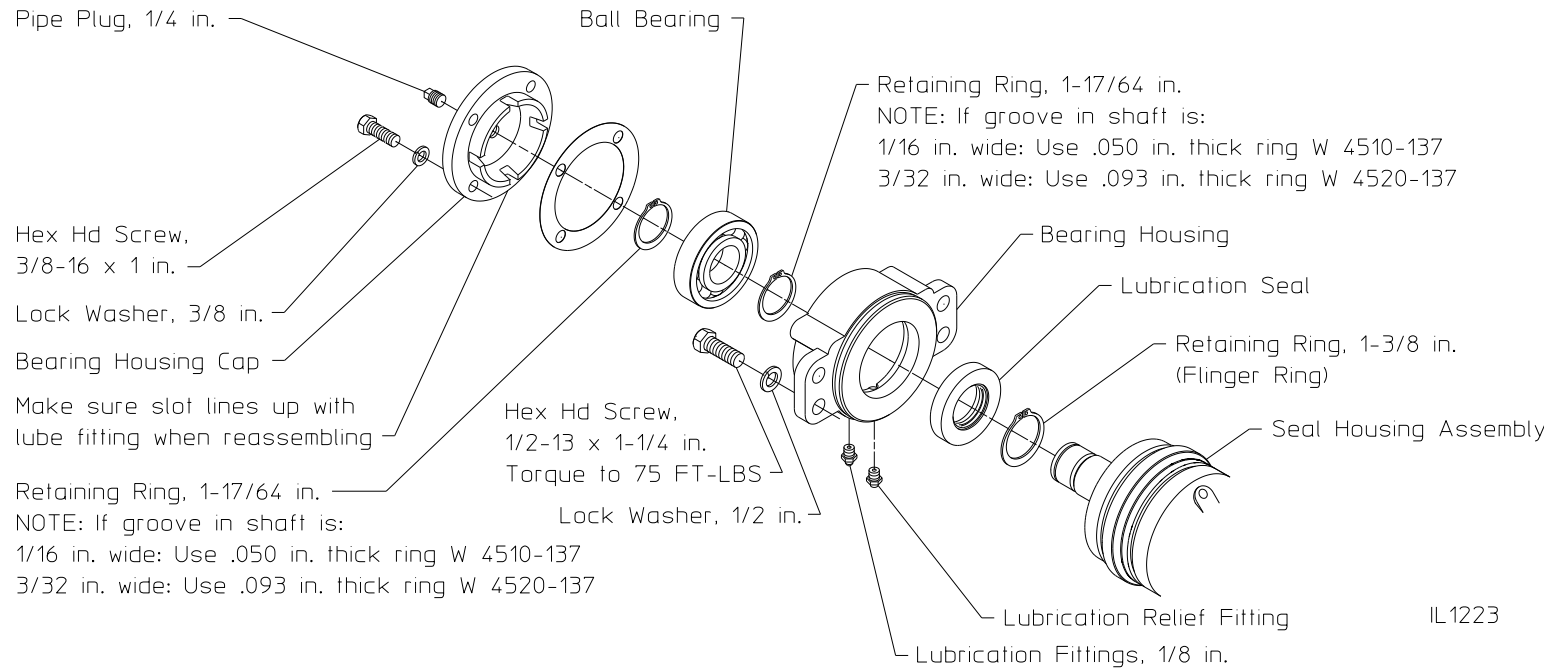
Jacking Screw Hole

1. Use either threaded rods or a transmission jack to lower the cover from the body.
2. Remove the two screws that attach the bearing housing to the volute body (upper half).
3. Loosen but do not remove the two screws that attach the bearing housing to the volute cover (lower half). The impeller shaft assembly will remain in the volute cover.
4. Remove the screws that attach the volute cover to the volute body and separate the body and cover using the tapped holes.
5. Remove molded gasket material from the two pump halves and O-rings.

Outboard Bearing Removal / Installation - Prior 4/21/2006

(Transmission Mounted Pumps with Mechanical Seals or Direct Drive Pumps without Tachometer with Mechanical Seals)
 (Reference Pages 15, 16 and 19)

NOTE: Fill the bearing housing chamber with a medium consistency ball and roller bearing grease until the grease comes out of the lube relief fitting. Check that the seal has not leaked.



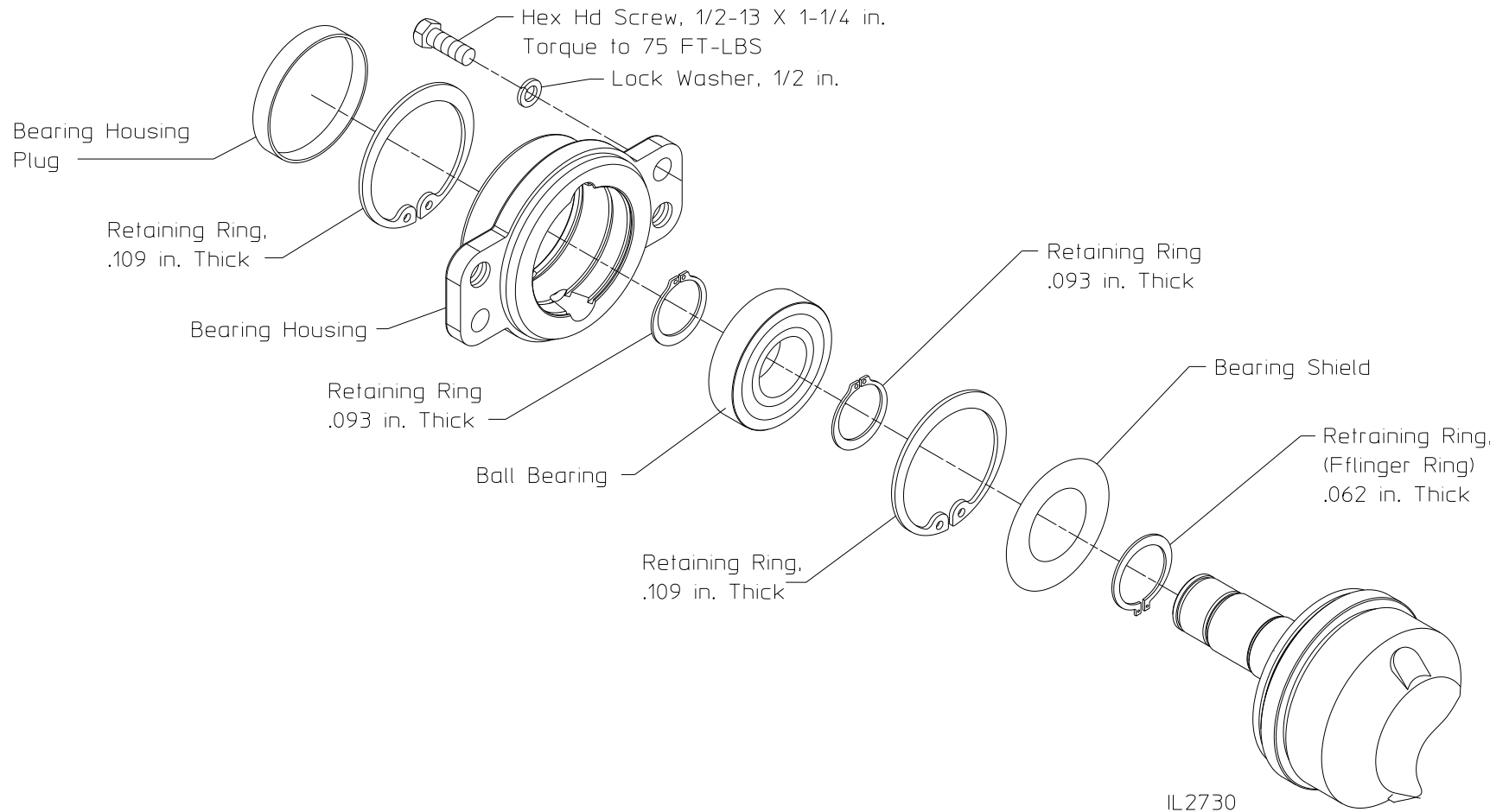
IL1223

CAUTION

To prevent seal from pushing out of housing, do not use power grease gun.

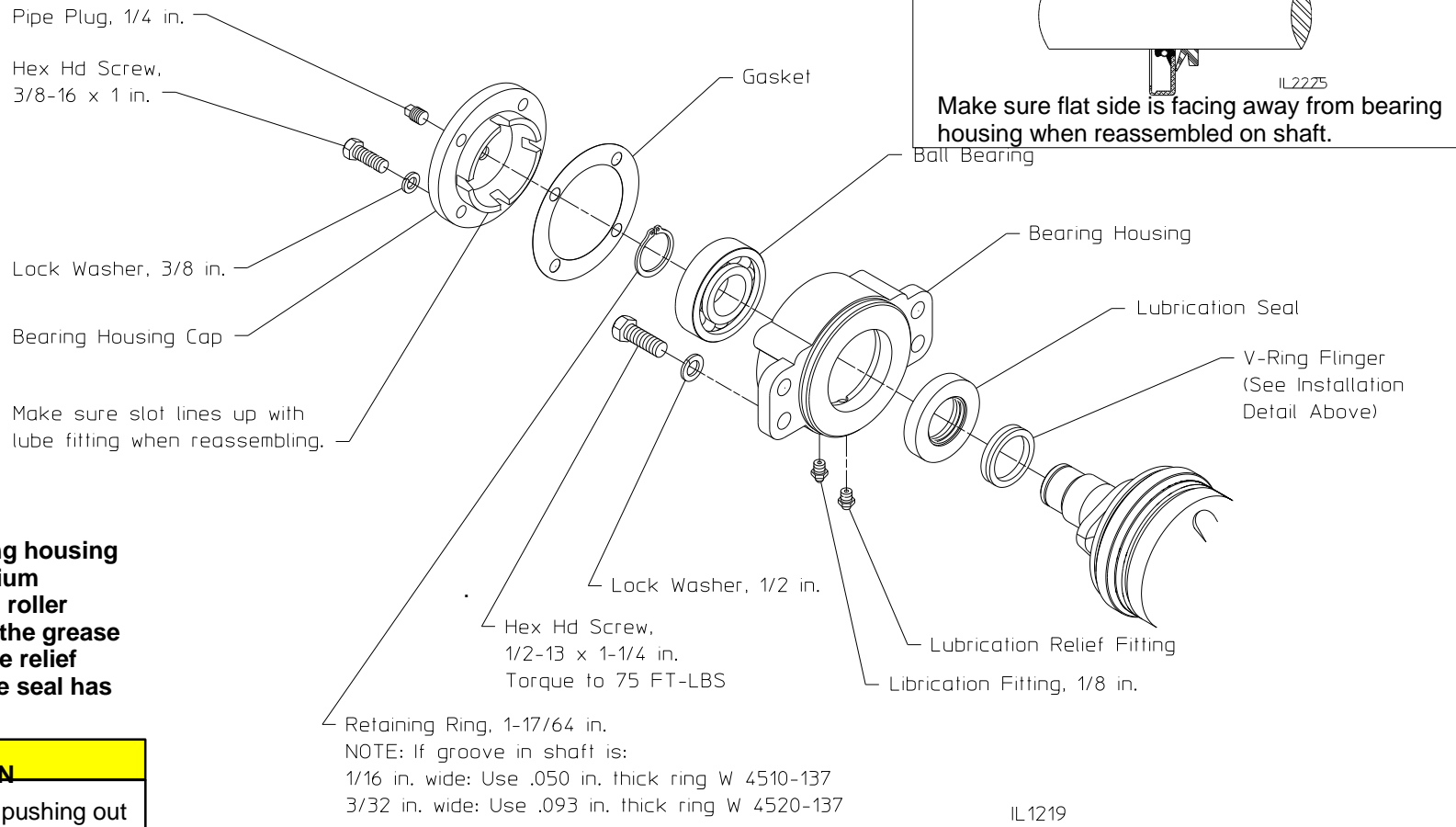
Outboard Bearing Removal / Installation - After 4/21/2006

(Transmission Mounted Pumps with Mechanical Seals)
(Reference Pages 17 and 18)



Outboard Bearing Removal / Installation (Prior to 4/21/06)

(Transmission Mounted Pumps with Packing or Direct Drive Pumps without Tachometer with Packing)
 (Reference Pages 15, 16 and 19)



NOTE: Fill the bearing housing chamber with a medium consistency ball and roller bearing grease until the grease comes out of the lube relief fitting. Check that the seal has not leaked.

CAUTION

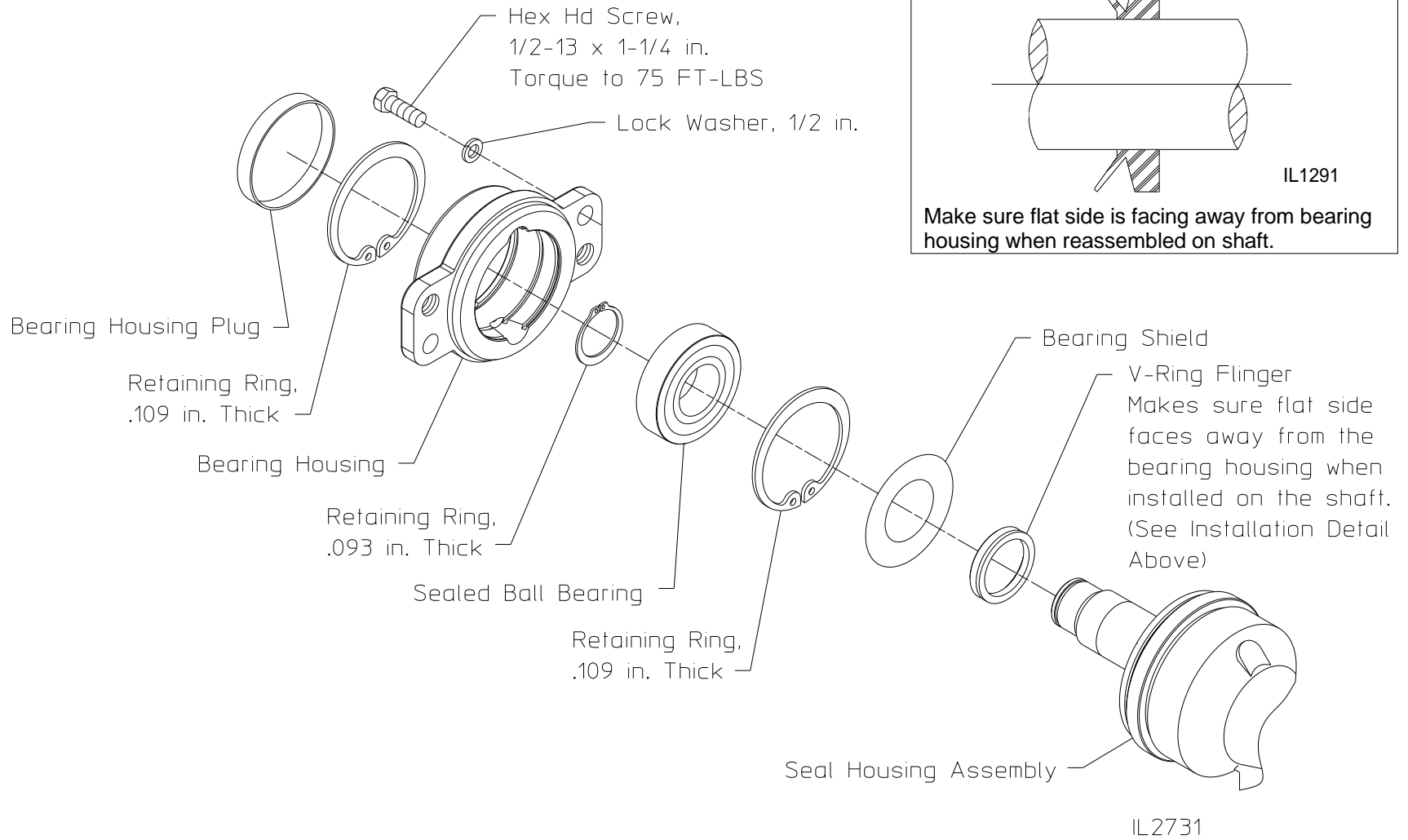
To prevent seal from pushing out of housing, do not use power grease gun

IL1219

Outboard Bearing Removal / Installation (After 4/21/06)

(Transmission Mounted Pumps with Packing)

(Reference Pages 17 and 18)

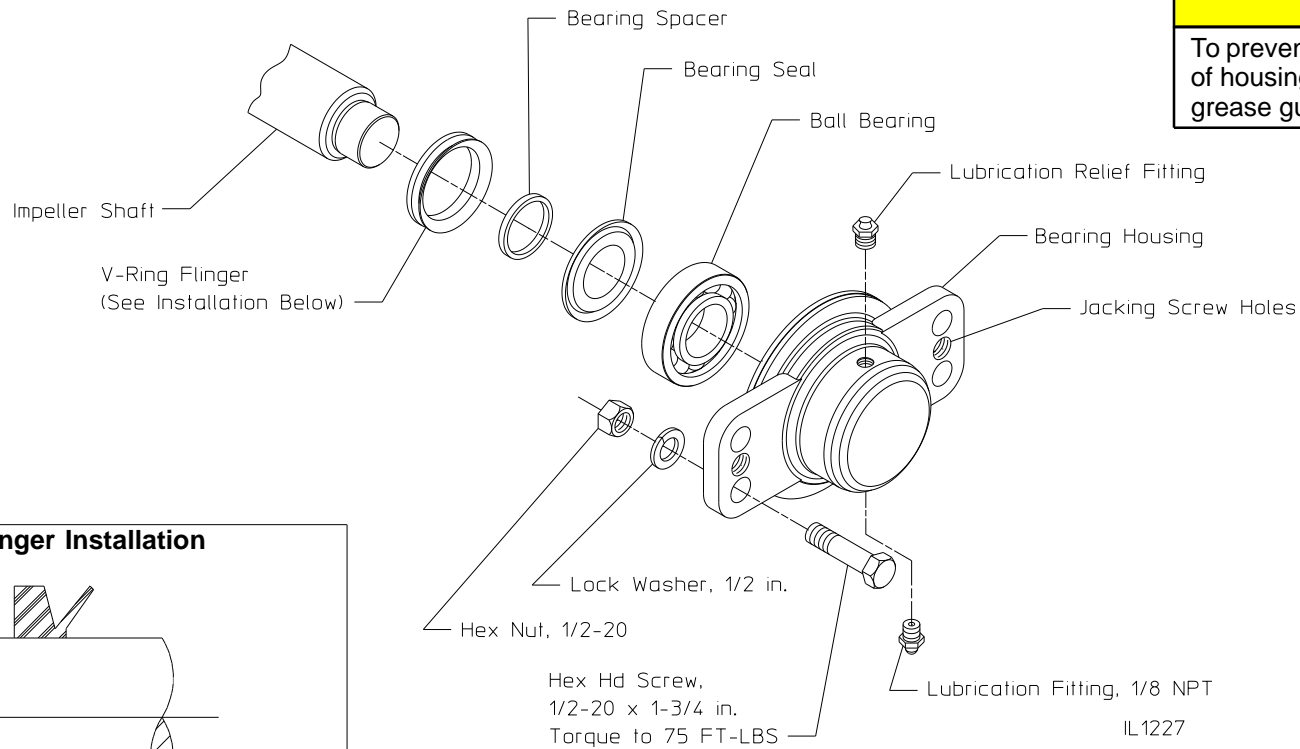


Outboard Bearing Removal / Installation

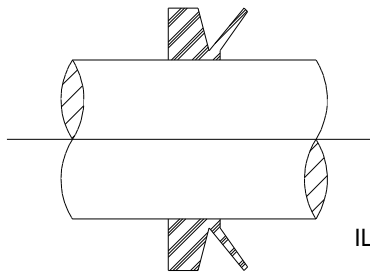
(Direct Drive Pumps - Front Drive with Tachometer)

NOTE: Fill the bearing housing chamber with a medium consistency ball and roller bearing grease until the grease comes out of the lube relief fitting. Check that the seal has not leaked.

CAUTION
To prevent seal from pushing out of housing, do not use power grease gun.



V-Ring Flinger Installation



Make sure flat side is facing away from bearing housing when reassembled on shaft.

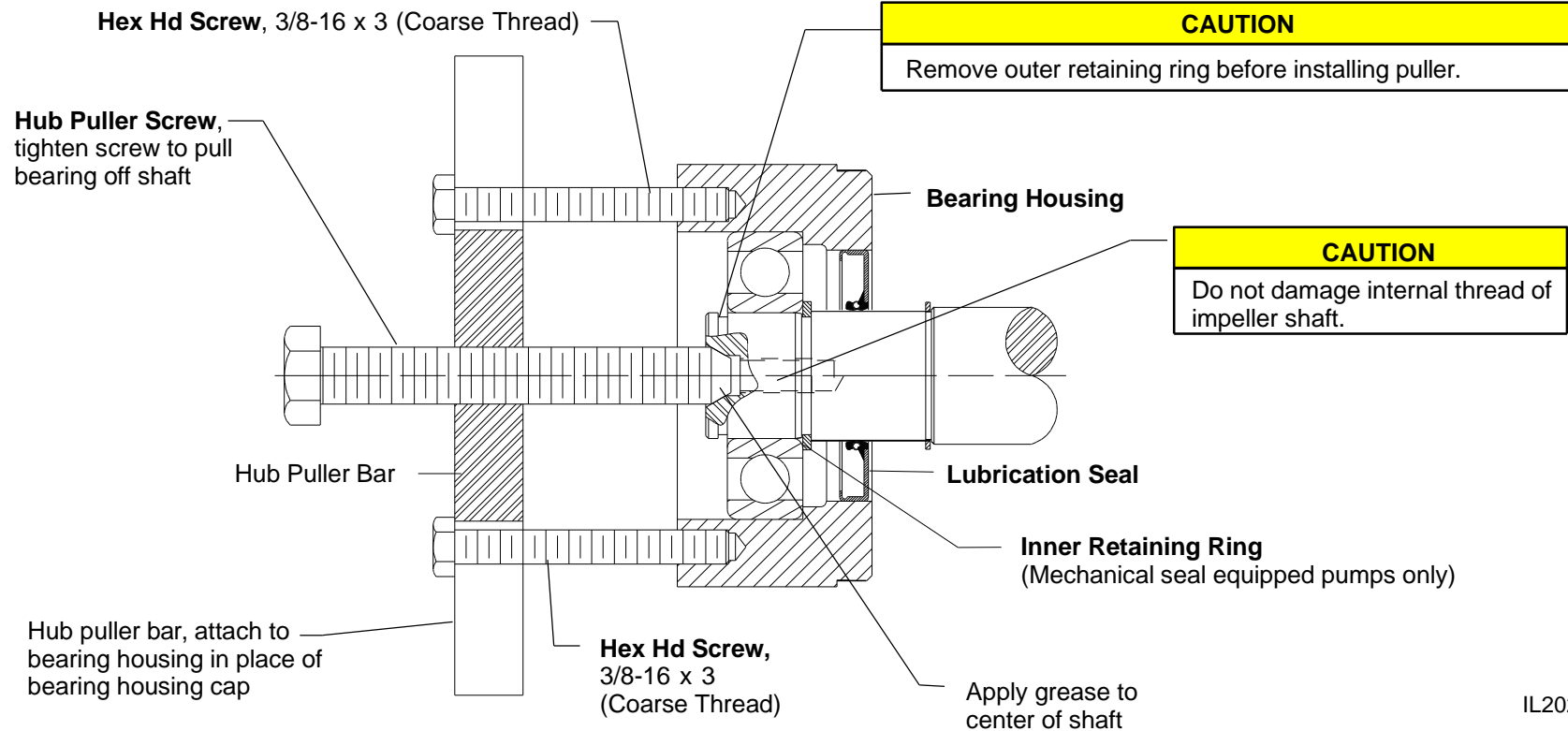
Outboard Bearing Removal (Prior to 4/21/2006)

1. Remove the oil pump (if so equipped) and the bearing housing cap.
2. Remove the bearing outer retaining ring from the impeller shaft.
3. Remove the (4) hex hd screws attaching the bearing housing to the pump body.
4. Install hub puller bar. (Use bearing removal tool if removing outboard bearing on units equipped with oil pump - See Page 16).
5. Tighten hub puller screw, causing the bearing housing to pull the bearing off of the end of the impeller shaft.
6. Remove inner bearing retaining ring from impeller shaft. (Note: Inner retaining ring not used on pumps with packing).
7. Remove and discard lubrication seal. Remove bearing from bearing housing. Completely clean bearing housing of grease and replace bearing.
8. Remove inner bearing retaining ring from impeller shaft. (Note: Inner retaining ring not used on pumps with packing).

CAUTION

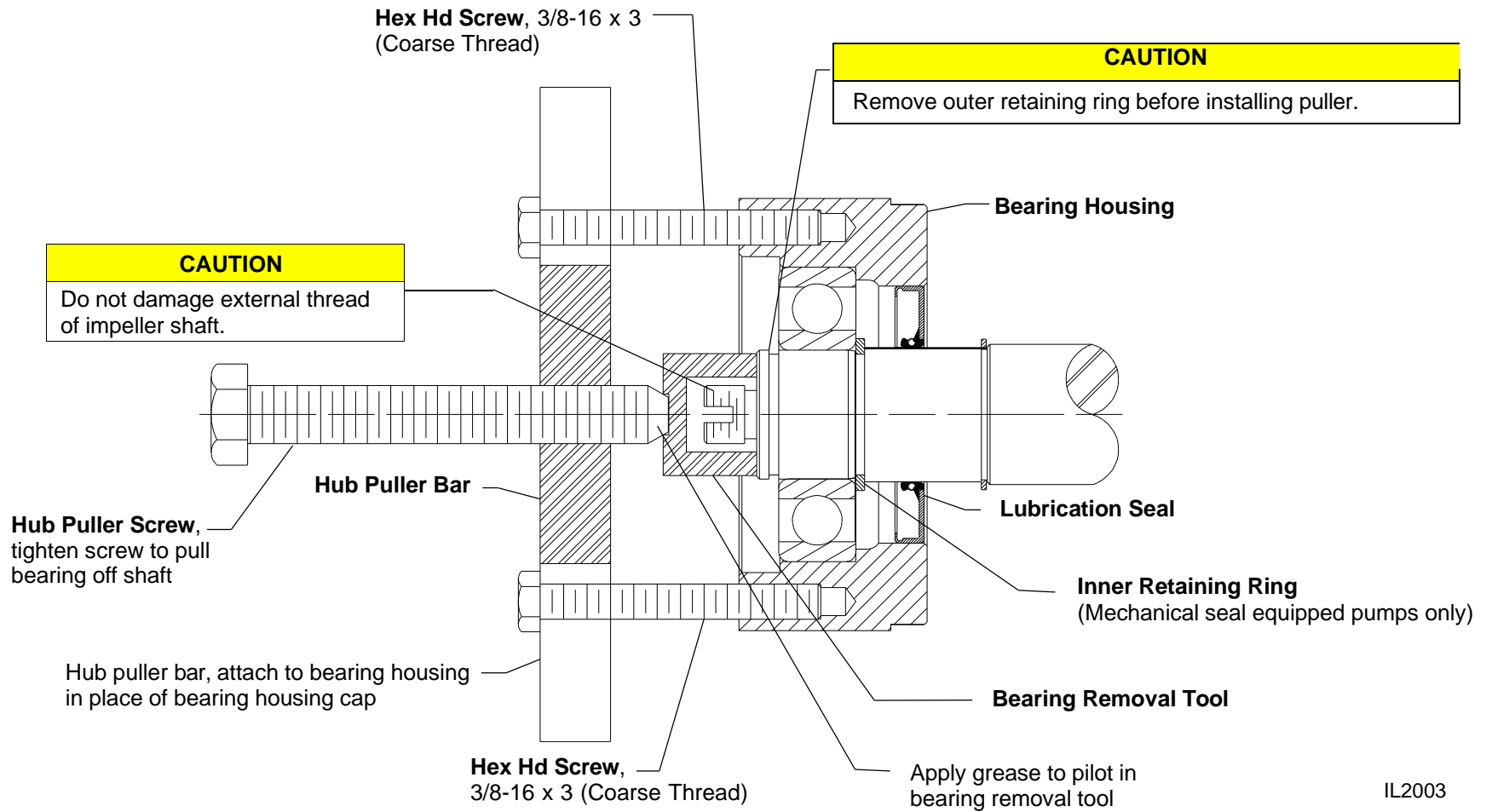
Make sure center of hub puller screw does not damage the threaded center of shaft. Apply grease to shaft center or bearing removal tool before installing hub puller.

Outboard Bearing Removal (without Lube pump, Prior to 4/21/2006)



IL2026

Outboard Bearing Removal with Lube Pump (Prior to 4/21/2006)



Outboard Bearing Removal (After 4/21/2006)

1. Remove plug from bearing housing.
2. Remove the outer retaining rings. Note that the ring on the shaft must be removed. The ring in the bearing housing may be left in place, but it must be removed before the new bearing is installed.
3. Remove (4) 3/8-16 hex hd screws attaching the bearing housing to the pump body.
4. Install hub puller bar. (Use bearing removal tool if removing outboard bearing on units equipped with oil pump - See Page 16).
5. Tighten hub puller screw, causing the bearing housing to pull the bearing off of the end of the impeller shaft.
6. Remove inner bearing retaining rings from impeller shaft and bearing housing. **(Note: Inner retaining ring on shaft is not used on pumps with packing).**
7. Remove the outer retaining ring from the bearing housing if it was left in place during step no. 2.
8. Remove bearing from bearing housing.

Outboard Bearing Removal (After to 4/21/2006)

Hub Puller Bar

Attach to bearing housing by threading two 5/8-11 x 3 in. long screws (coarse thread) into the two tapped holes in the bearing housing.

Remove plug located in bearing bore before installing puller bar.

Hub Puller Screw

Tighten to pull bearing off of shaft.

CAUTION

Make sure center of hub puller screw does not damage threaded center of shaft. Apply grease to shaft center or end of puller screw before installing puller bar.

CAUTION

Remove outer retaining rings before installing puller.

CAUTION

Outer ring in bearing housing may be left in place during bearing removal, but must be removed before the new bearing is installed.

Bearing Housing

Shield

CAUTION

Do not damage internal thread of impeller shaft.

Flinger

- Retaining ring used for pumps with mechanical seal (shown)
- Rubber V-ring used for pumps with packing

Inner Retaining Rings

Remove after bearing and housing have been removed.

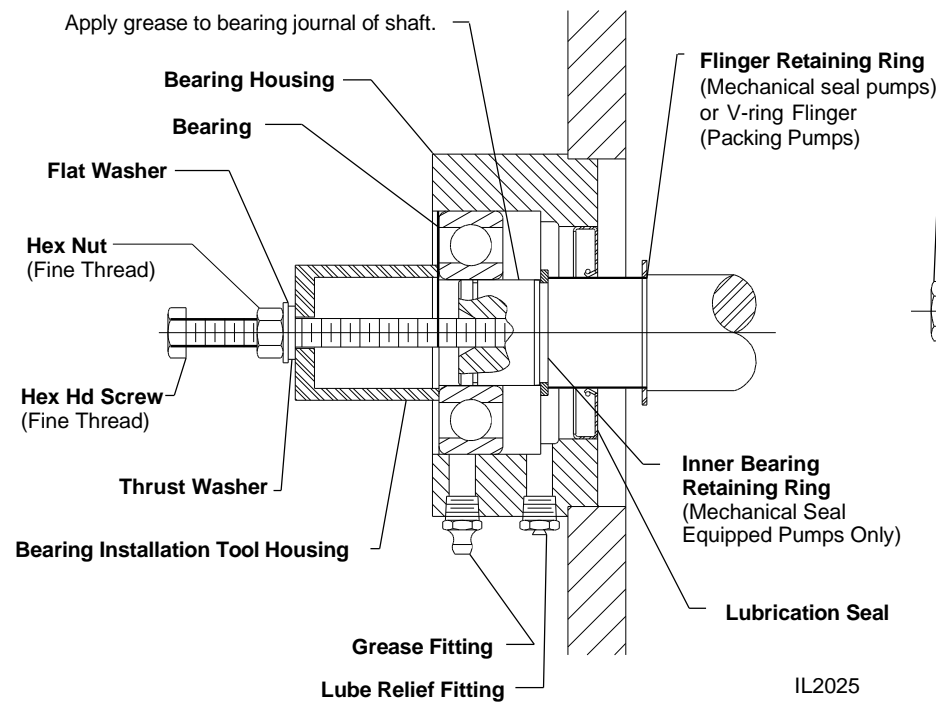
Ring on Shaft:

- Used on pumps with mechanical seal (shown)
- Pumps with packing have a shoulder machined on the impeller shaft and do not use a retaining ring.

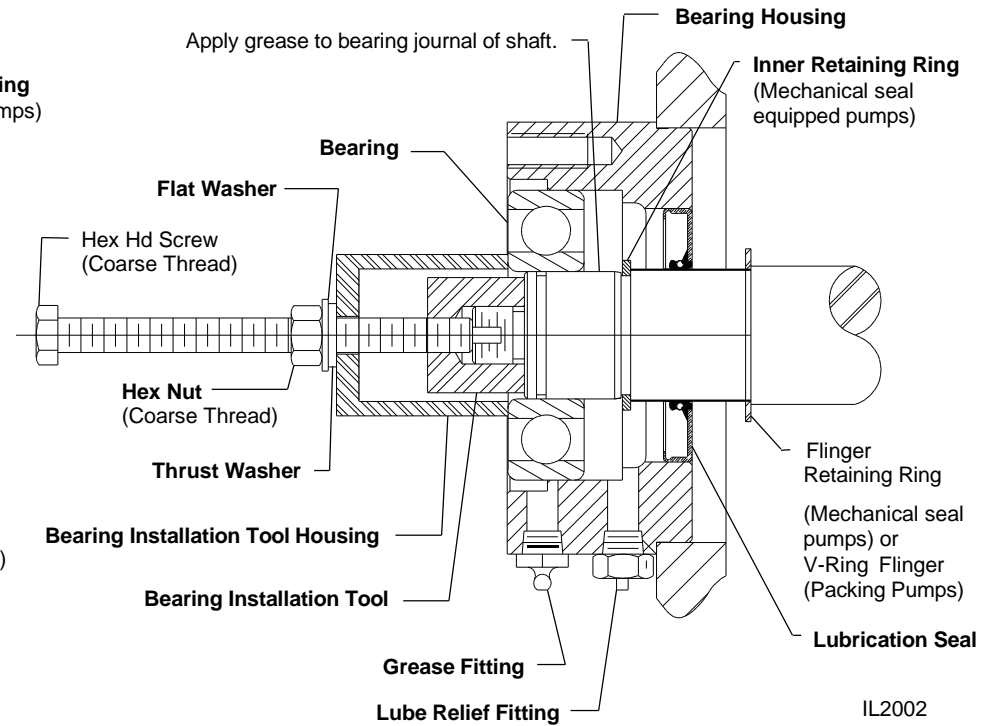
Outboard Bearing Installation (Prior to 4/21/2006)

1. Packed Pumps: Install v-ring flinger on impeller shaft. Mechanical Seal Pumps: Install (flinger) retaining ring on impeller shaft.
2. Install new lubrication seal in bearing housing and reinstall bearing housing on pump.
3. Install inner bearing retaining ring. (Note: Inner retaining ring not used on pumps with packing). Ensure correct retaining ring is used.
NOTE: Retaining rings changed 7/1/95. If groove width is 1/16" wide use W 4510-137, if 3/32" wide use W 4520-137.
4. Apply grease to the bearing journal of the impeller shaft to aid in assembly and slide the bearing into the bearing housing until it contacts the impeller shaft.
5. Screw hex nut onto hex hd screw and slide flat washer, thrust washer and bearing installation tool housing onto screw.
 - a. For units equipped without an oil pump attach assembled tool to the impeller shaft by threading hex hd screw completely into the internal thread of the impeller shaft.
 - b. For units equipped with and oil pump, thread bearing installation tool onto the external thread of the impeller shaft. Attach assembled tool to the bearing installation tool by threading hex hd screw completely into the internal thread of the bearing installation tool.
6. Push the bearing onto the impeller shaft until it seats against the inner retaining ring (or shaft shoulder) by tightening the hex nut against the bearing installation tool housing. It may be necessary to hold the hex hd screw to prevent it from turning with the hex nut.
7. Remove the tool and install the bearing outer retaining ring. Ensure correct retaining ring is used.
8. Install the bearing housing cap and gasket. Make sure the slot on the cap lines up with the grease fitting. Install oil pump and gasket (if so equipped). Make sure the drive tang on the oil pump lines with the slot in the impeller shaft.
9. Fill the bearing housing chamber with a medium consistency ball and roller bearing grease (such as Amoco Super Permalube) until the grease comes out of the lube relief fitting. Check that lubrication seal has not leaked.

Outboard Bearing Installation (without Lube Pump) Prior to 4/21/2006



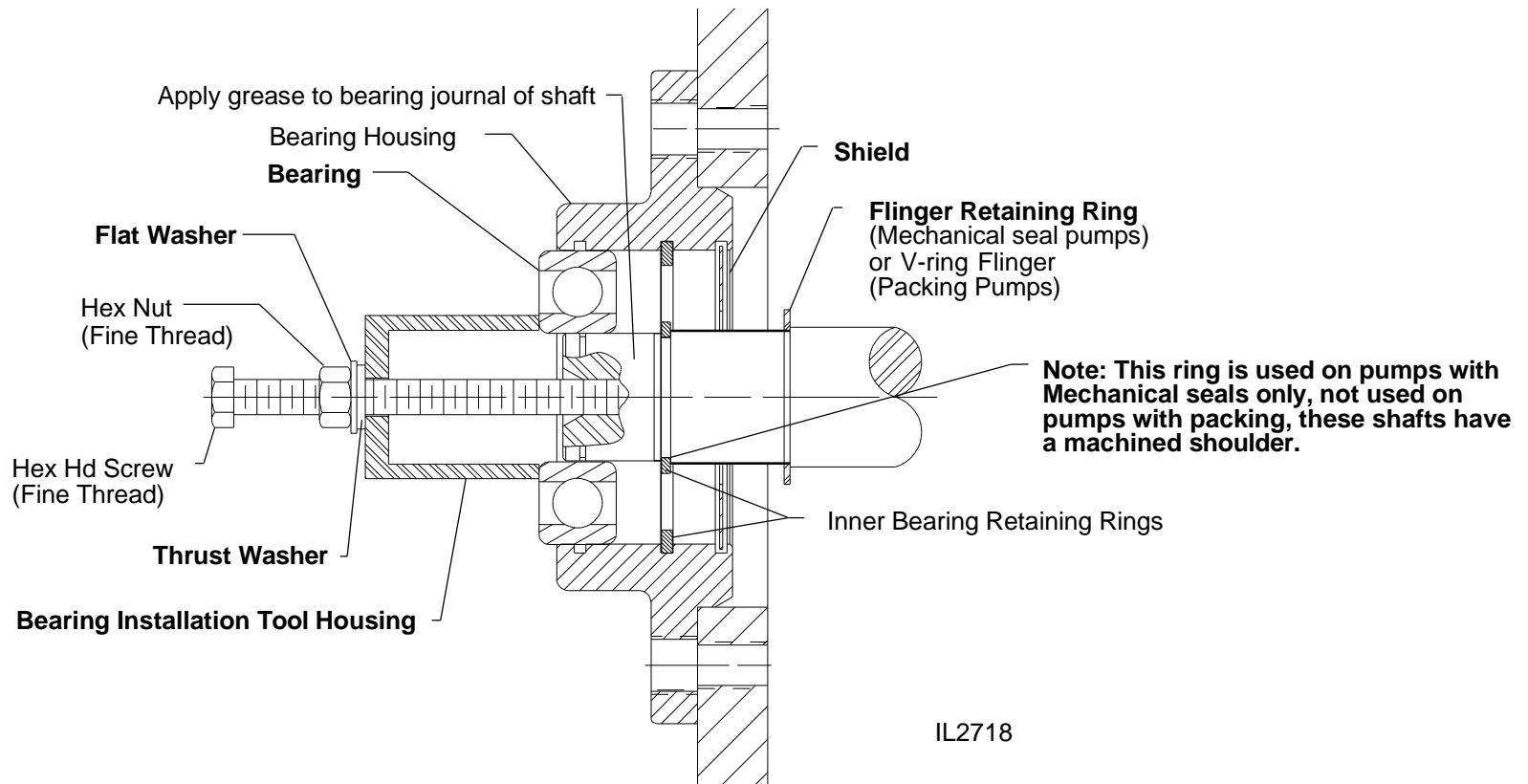
Outboard Bearing Installation (with Lube Pump) Prior to 4/21/2006



Outboard Bearing Installation (After 4/21/2006)

1. **Packed Pumps:** Install v-ring flinger on impeller shaft.
Mechanical Seal Pumps: Install (flinger) retaining ring on impeller shaft.
2. Install new shield seal in bearing housing and reinstall bearing housing on pump.
3. Install inner bearing retaining rings. (**Note: Inner retaining ring on shaft is not used on pumps with packing.**)
4. Apply grease to the bearing journal of the impeller shaft to aid in assembly and slide the bearing into the bearing housing until it contacts the impeller shaft.
5. Screw hex nut onto hex hd screw and slide flat washer, thrust washer and bearing installation tool housing onto screw.
6. Push the bearing onto the impeller shaft until it seats against the inner retaining ring (or shaft shoulder) by tightening the hex nut against the bearing installation tool housing. It may be necessary to hold the hex hd screw to prevent it from turning with the hex nut.
7. Remove the tool and install the bearing outer retaining rings.
8. Install plug in outside of bearing housing.
9. Note that bearing is sealed and does not required external lubrication.

Outboard Bearing Installation (after 4/21/2006)

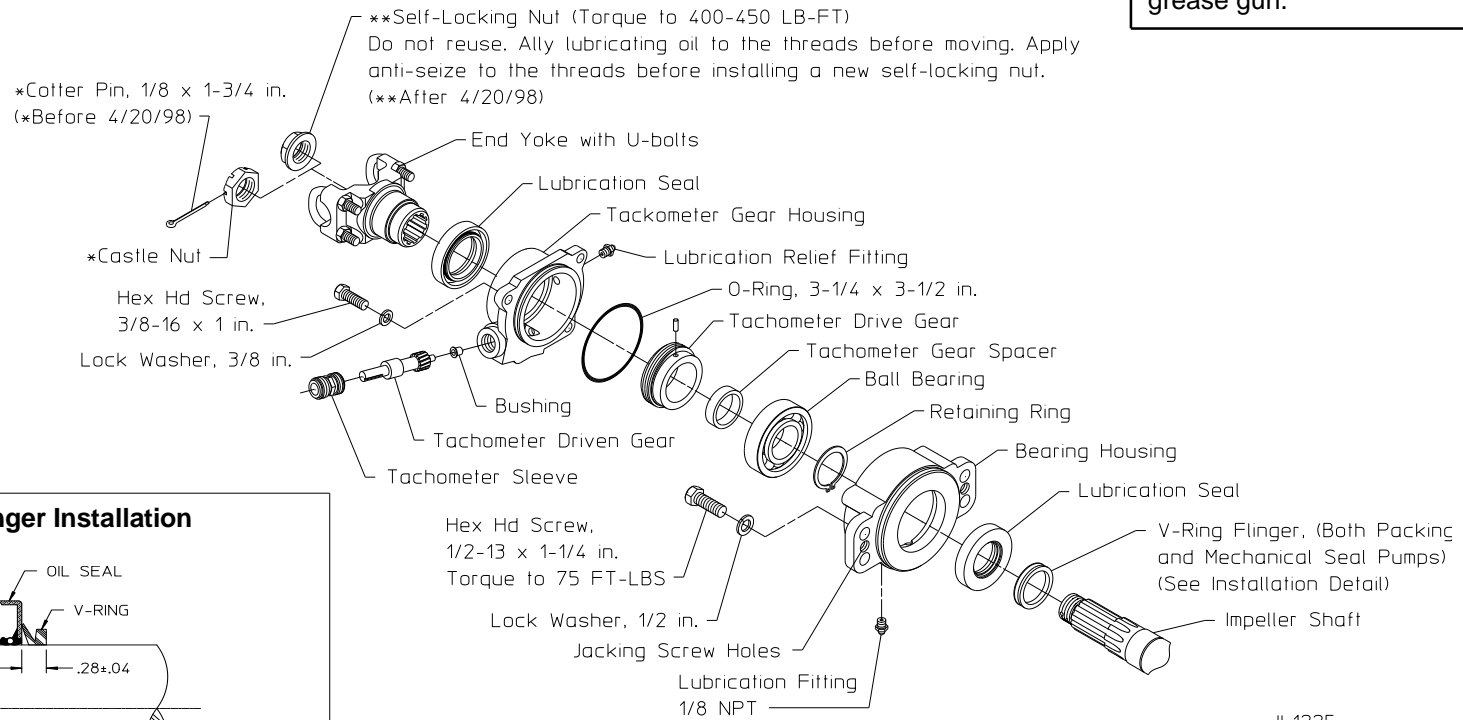


End Yoke Removal/Installation on Drive End

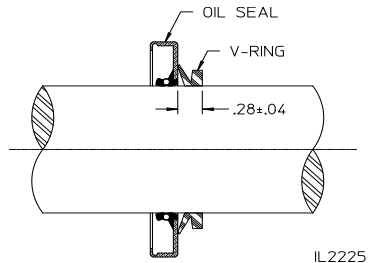
(Front Drive with Tachometer)

NOTE: Fill the bearing housing chamber with a medium consistency ball and roller bearing grease until the grease comes out of the lube relief fitting. Check that the seal has not leaked.

CAUTION
To prevent seal from pushing out of housing, do not use power grease gun.



V-Ring Flinger Installation

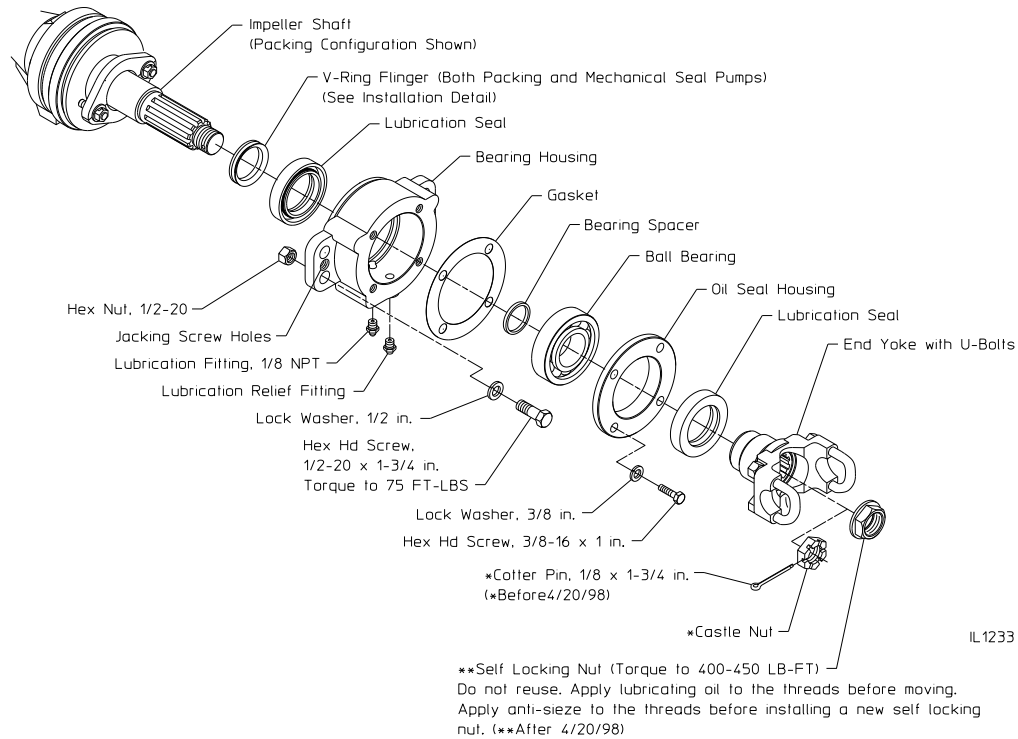


Make sure flat side is facing away from bearing housing when reassembled on shaft.

IL 1225

End Yoke Removal / Installation on Drive End

(Front or Rear Drive without Tachometer)

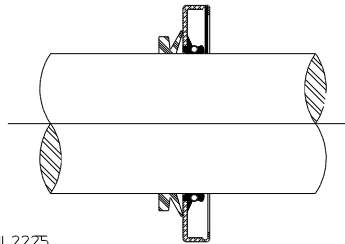


NOTE: Fill the bearing housing chamber with a medium consistency ball and roller bearing grease until the grease comes out of the lube relief fitting. Check that the seal has not leaked.

CAUTION

To prevent seal from pushing out of housing, do not use power grease gun

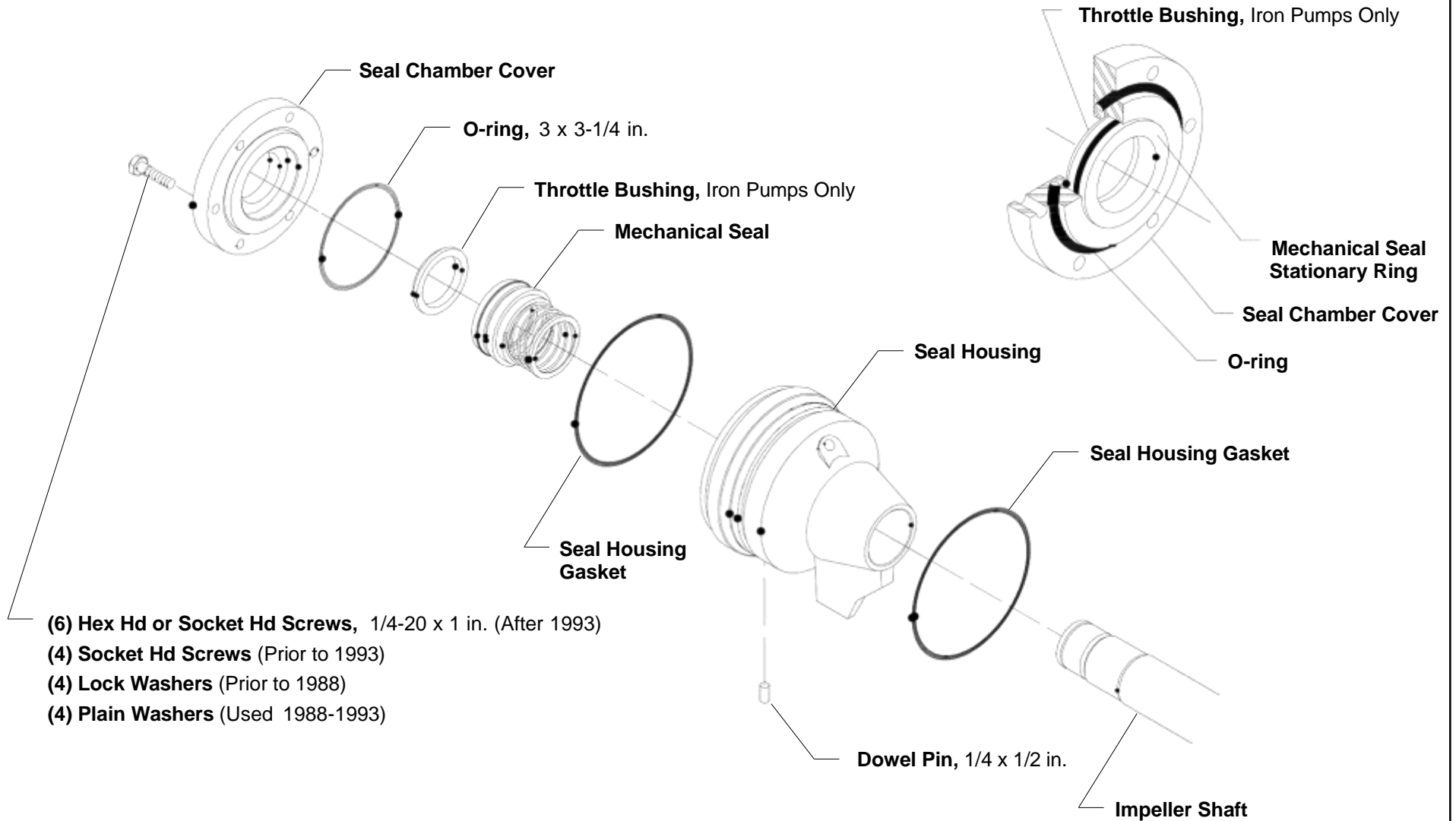
V-Ring Flinger Installation



Make sure flat side is facing away from bearing housing when reassembled on shaft.

Seal Housing Removal / Installation

(Pumps with Mechanical Seals)

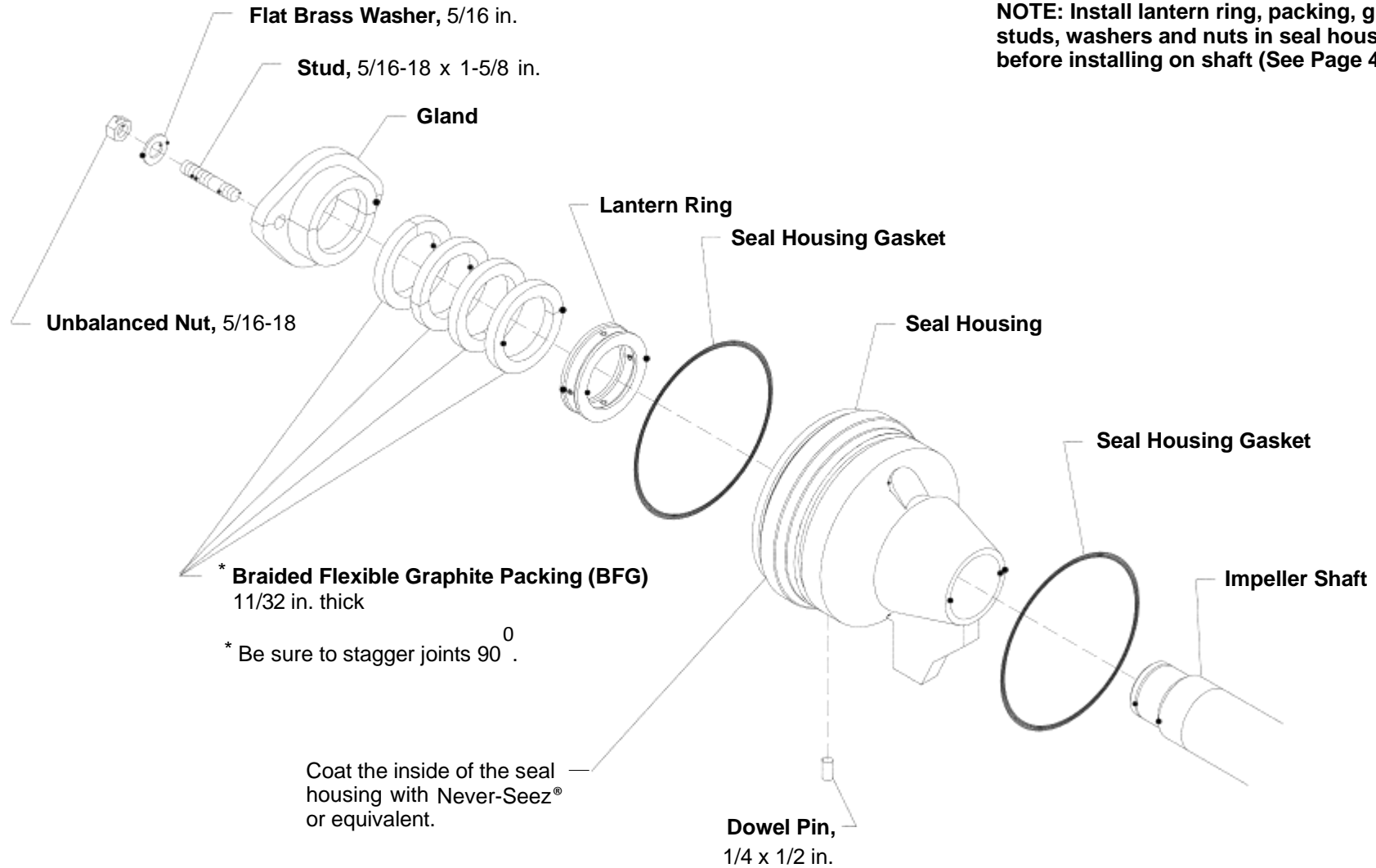


IL 1224/1283

Seal Housing Removal / Installation

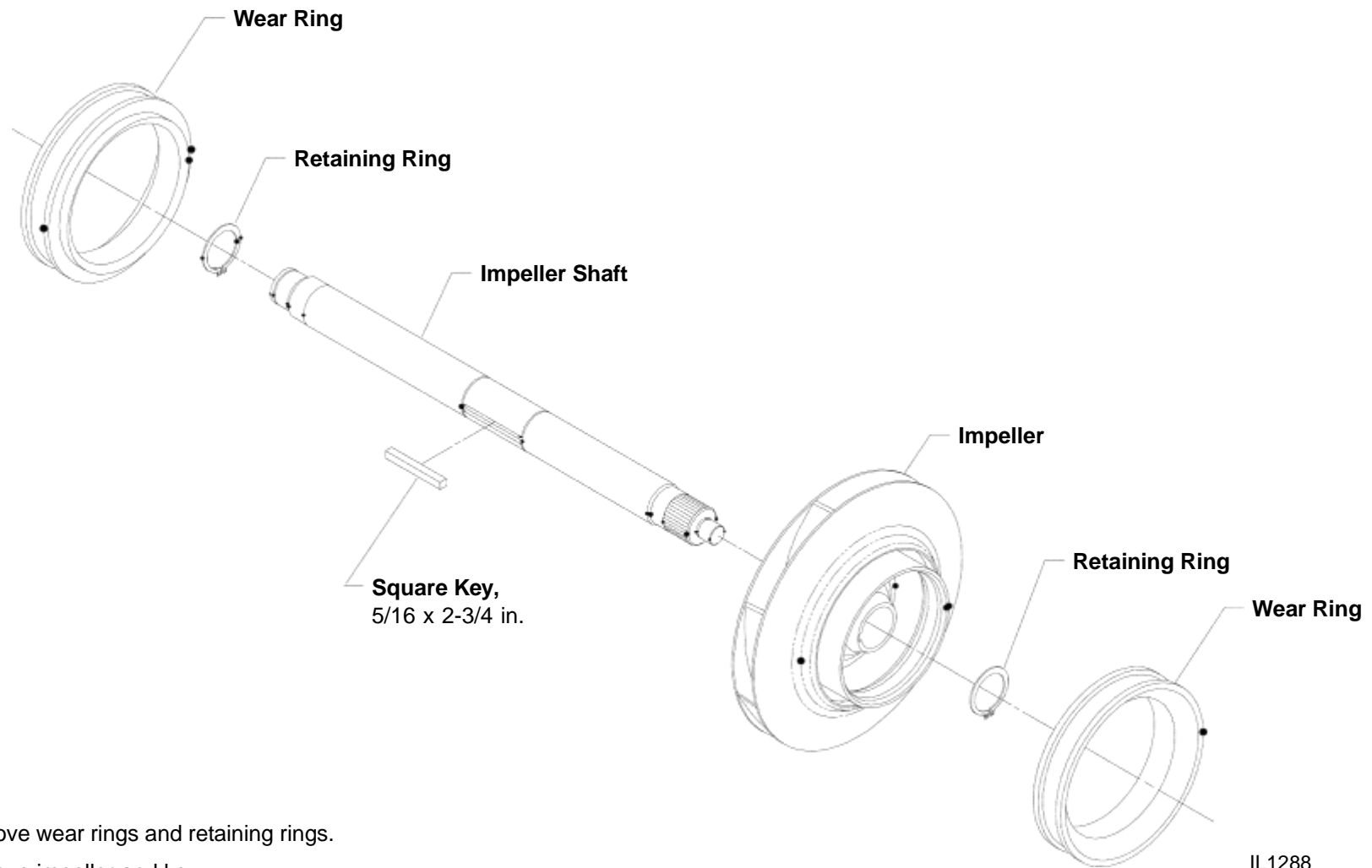
(Pumps with Packing)

NOTE: Install lantern ring, packing, gland, studs, washers and nuts in seal housing before installing on shaft (See Page 40).



IL1220

Impeller Removal

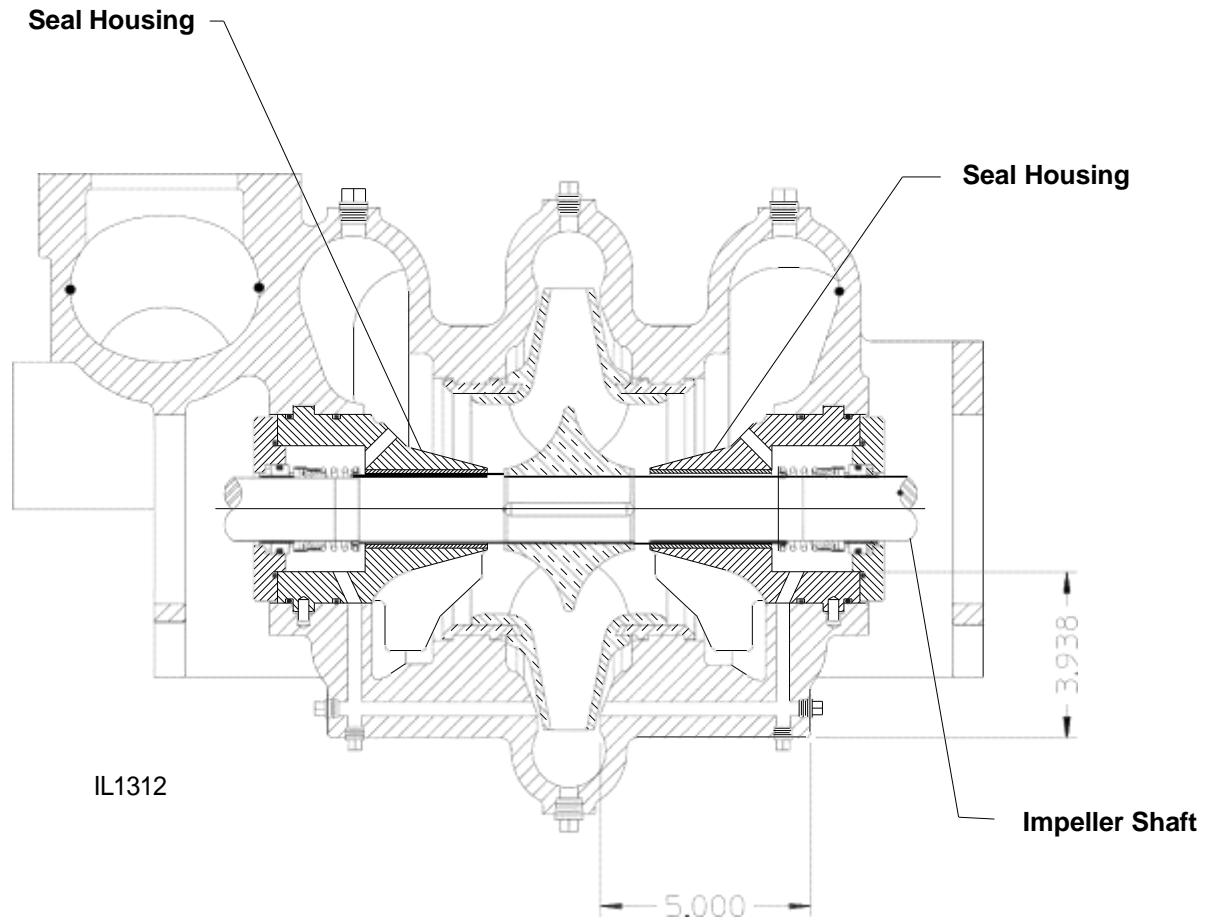


Seal Housing and Cooling Line Check

(Mechanical Seal)

Seal Housing - If the total clearance between the seal housing and the impeller shaft is greater than 0.020 in., the seal housing should be replaced. Check both seal housings.

Cooling Lines - Ensure that cooling lines are not plugged and are free of debris. A flexible tool must be used in cleaning out the cooling lines due to offset in seal housing hole.

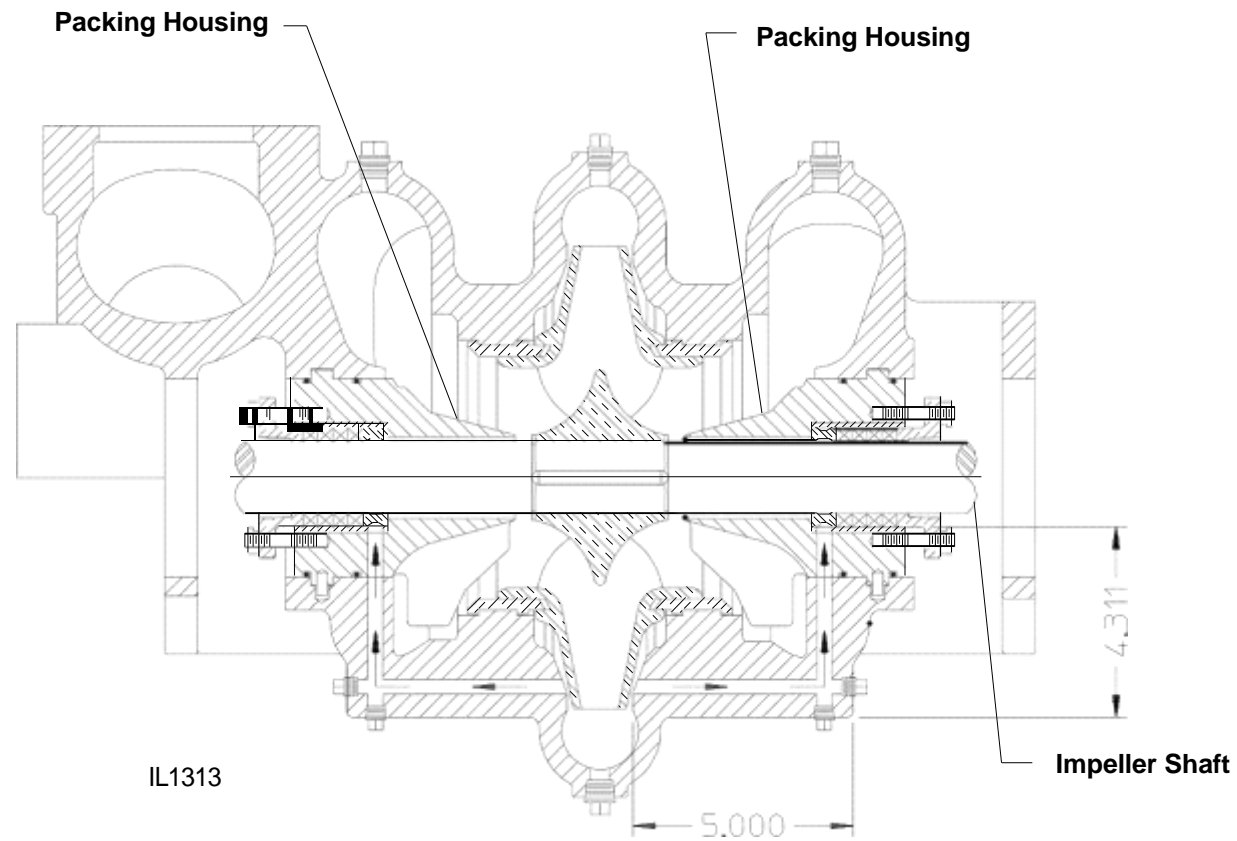


Seal Housing and Cooling Line Check

(Packing)

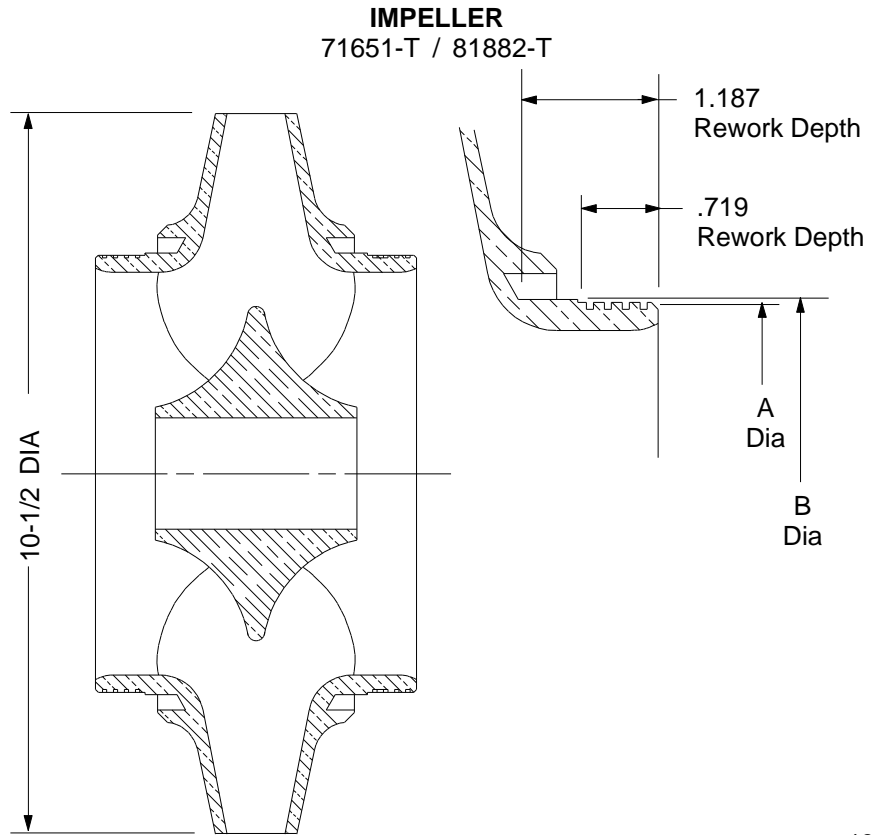
Seal Housing - If the total clearance between the seal housing and the impeller shaft is greater than 0.020 in., the seal housing should be replaced. Check both seal housings.

Cooling Lines - Ensure that cooling lines are not plugged and are free of debris.



Installing Undersize Wear Rings

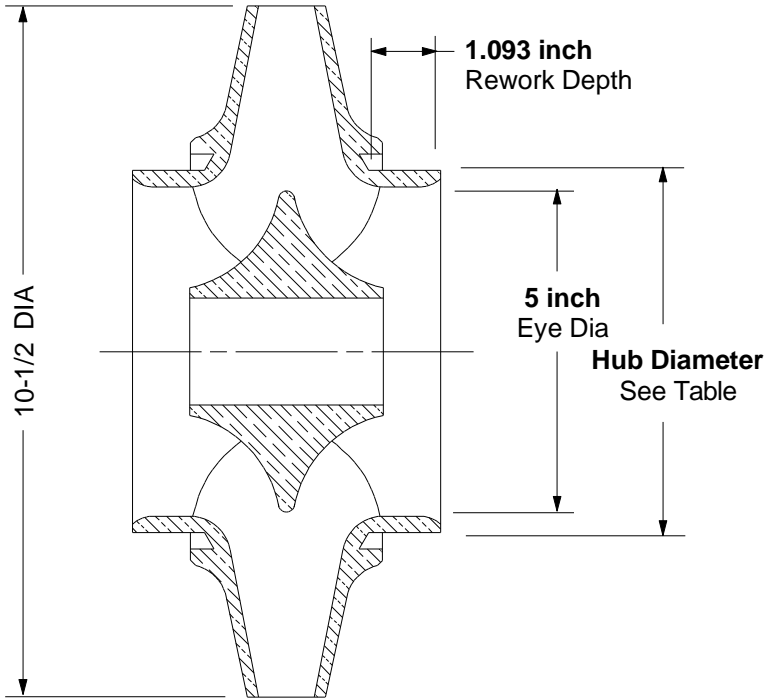
1. Check wear rings and impeller hubs for deep grooves or scratches.
2. If inspections shows that the wear ring clearances are excessive (diametral clearance in excess of .025 inches), or if the impeller hubs are scored or grooved, use the dimensions in the tables to rework the hubs.
3. The diametral clearance is determined by averaging the results of four measurements taken at 90° increments as follows:
 - a. Clean and remove small burrs and other protrusions from the wear ring inner diameters and the impeller hubs.
 - b. Position each wear ring on the impeller hub on which it was used.
 - c. Hold the wear ring firmly against one side of the hub and measure total clearance on the opposite side using a feeler gauge.
4. Flame plated impeller hub wear ring clearance is usually restored by installing a replacement wear ring with the same dimensions as the original wear ring since most wear occurs on the wear ring, not the impeller hub. Flame plated impellers are the numbers with the "T" suffix.
5. Non-plated impeller hub wear ring clearance is restored by turning impeller hubs and installing undersize wear rings.
6. Wear rings are available 0.025, 0.050 or 0.075 inches undersize. The tables give the original hub dimension for each impeller and the rework dimensions for each degree of undersize.



Original Hub Dia	Original Wear Ring No.	Reworked Hub Dia A	Reworked Hub Dia B	New Wear Ring No.
A - 6.370 (Min)	72474	6.350/6.348	6.407/6.405	72474-25
B - 6.426 (Min)		6.325/6.323	6.382/6.380	72474-50
		6.300/6.298	6.357/6.355	72474-75

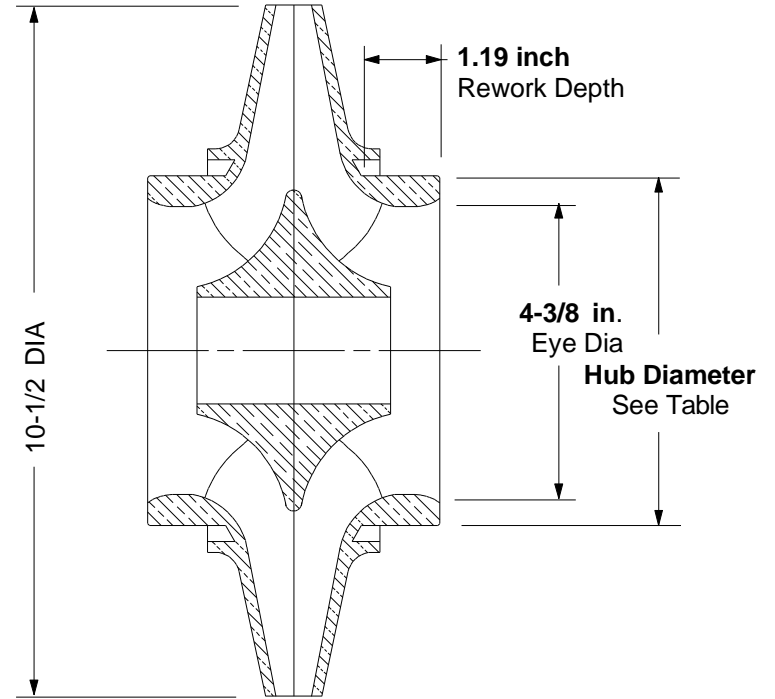
Installing Undersize Wear Rings - Continued

IMPELLER
71799 or 71799-T



1303

IMPELLERS
81357 or 81357-T

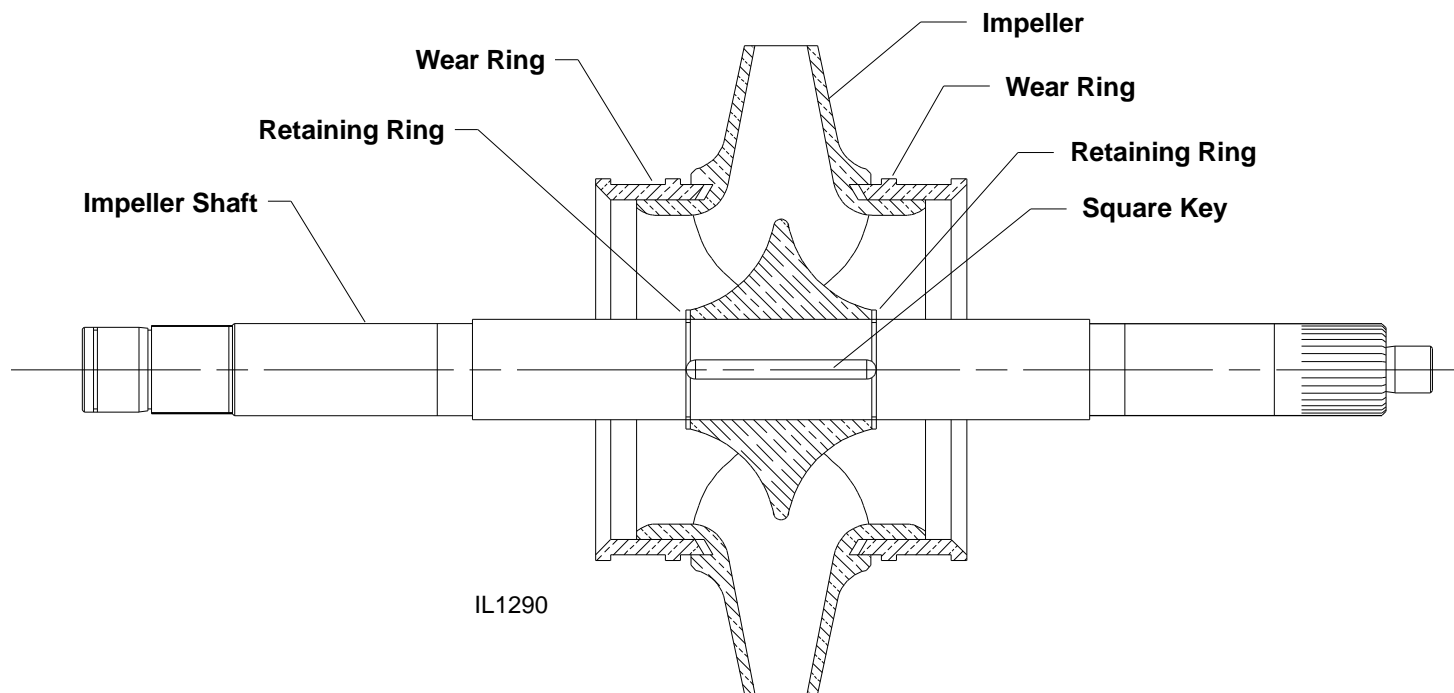


1305

Original Hub Diameter	Original Wear Ring No.	Reworked Hub Dia	New Wear Ring No.
Non-plated 5.498 (Min)	72409	5.476/5.473	72409-25
Flame Plated 5.494 (Min)		5.451/5.448	72409-50
		5.426/5.423	72409-75

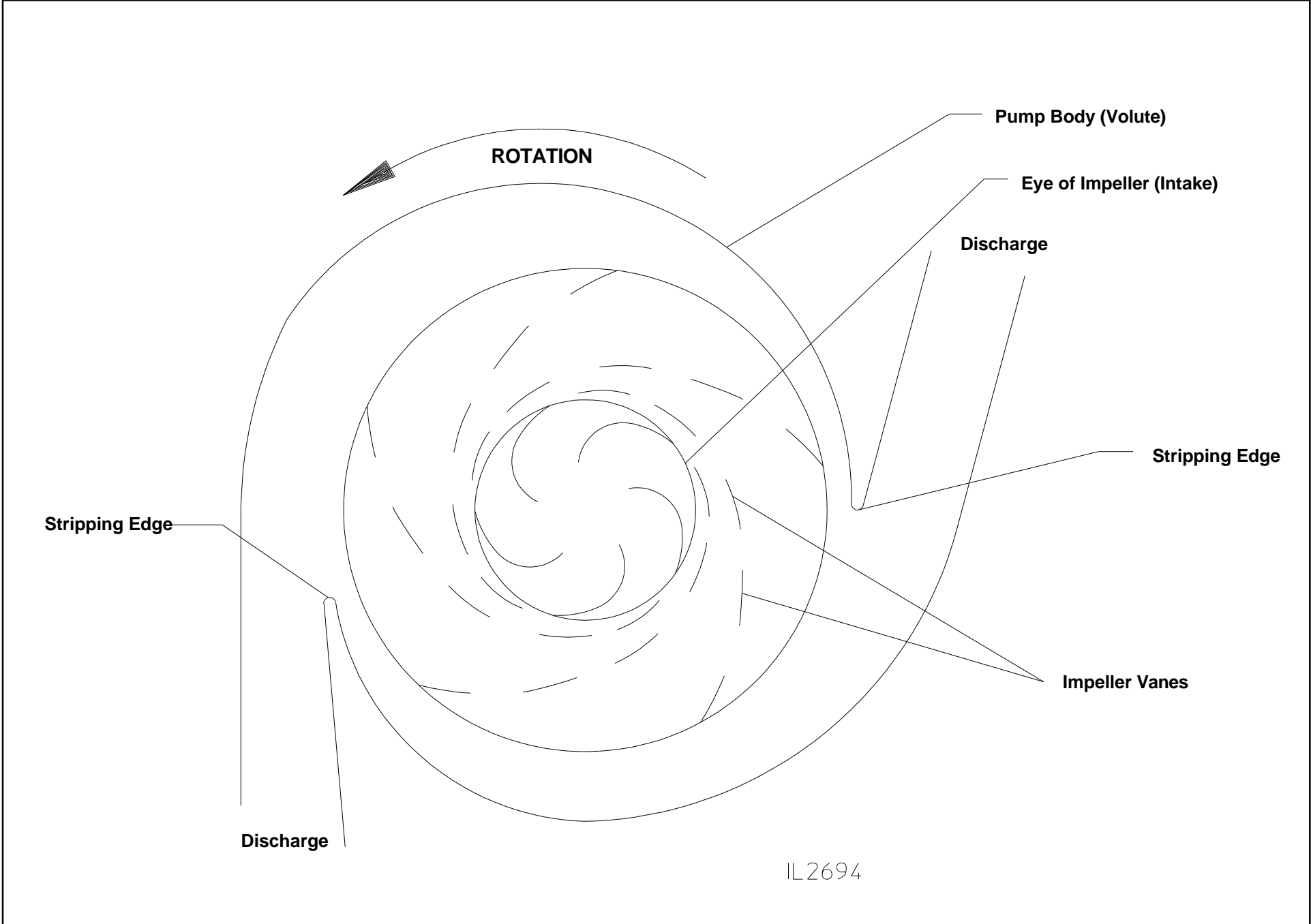
Original Hub Diameter	Original Wear Ring No.	Reworked Hub Dia	New Wear Ring No.
Non-plated 5.311 (Min)	72430	5.288/5.286	72430-25
Flame Plated 5.307 (Min)		5.263/5.261	72430-50
		5.238/5.236	72430-75

Impeller / Wear Ring Installation



1. Install impeller over square key on shaft. Make sure the position of the impeller is not reversed. Be sure rotation of impeller is correct, see page 25 for impeller rotation.
2. Install retaining rings
3. Install wear rings.

Impeller / Wear Ring Installation Continued



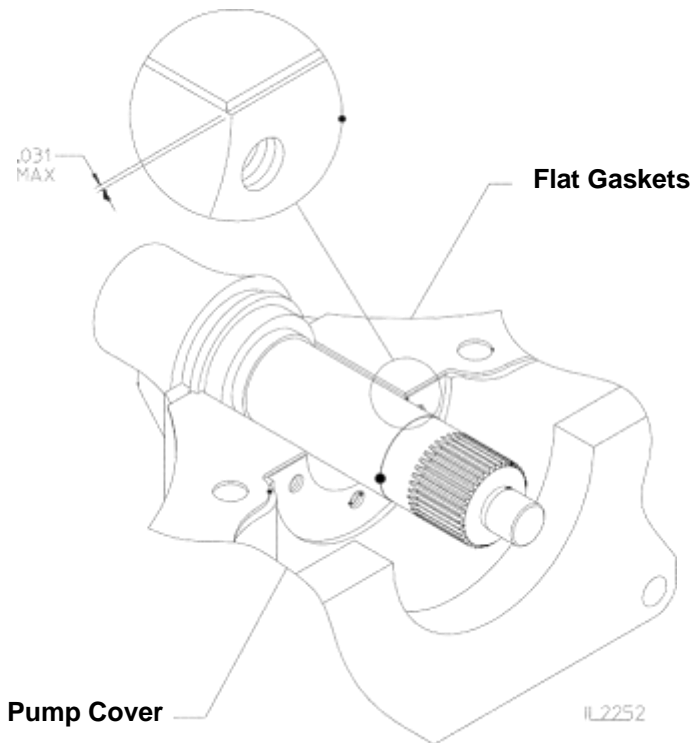
IL2694

Installing Impeller Shaft Assembly into Pump

CS '93 Flat Body Gaskets

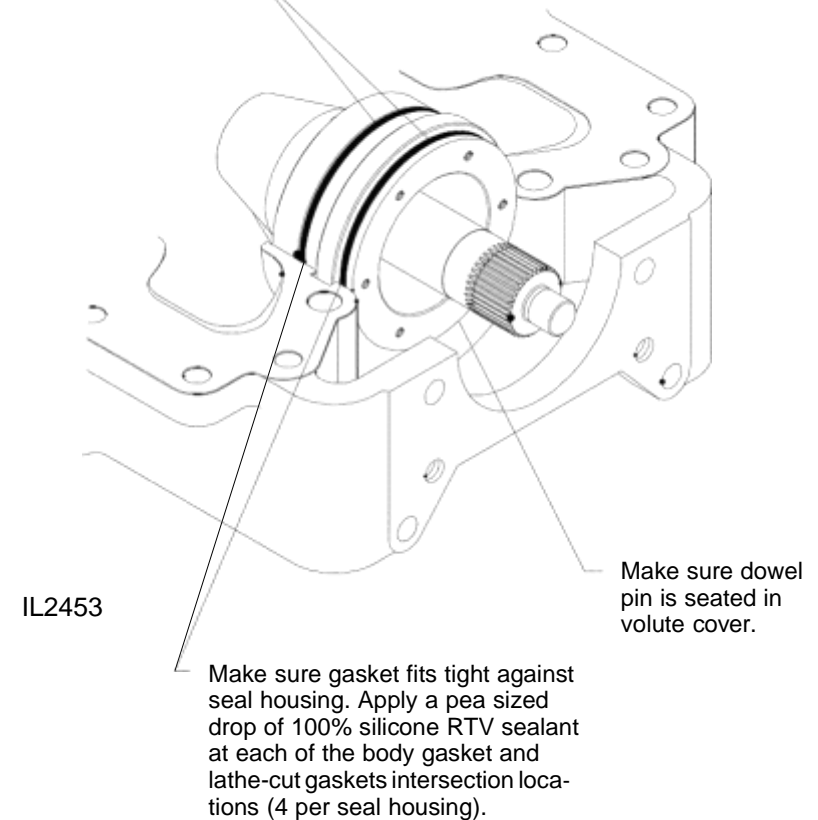
The mechanical seals should be installed in the pump after the impeller shaft has been installed and the body halves are bolted together. Before bolting body halves together, pay special attention to the body gasket in the seal cover area on both ends of the pump as follows:

- The seal chamber cover seal (square cross-section rubber ring) can seal into gaps at the pump body split line a maximum of 1/16 inch deep. The sealing capability depends on gap width, seal hardness, etc.
- The pump body gasket should come as close as possible to being flush (without protruding) with the edge of the pump body at the seal chamber cover sealing surface. It is recommended that the gasket be within 1/32 inch of the edge of the pump body. This applies to both ends of the pump.



Pumps Without Separate Seal Housings

Lathe-cut Gaskets



Pumps With Separate Seal Housings

Installing Impeller Shaft Assembly into Pump

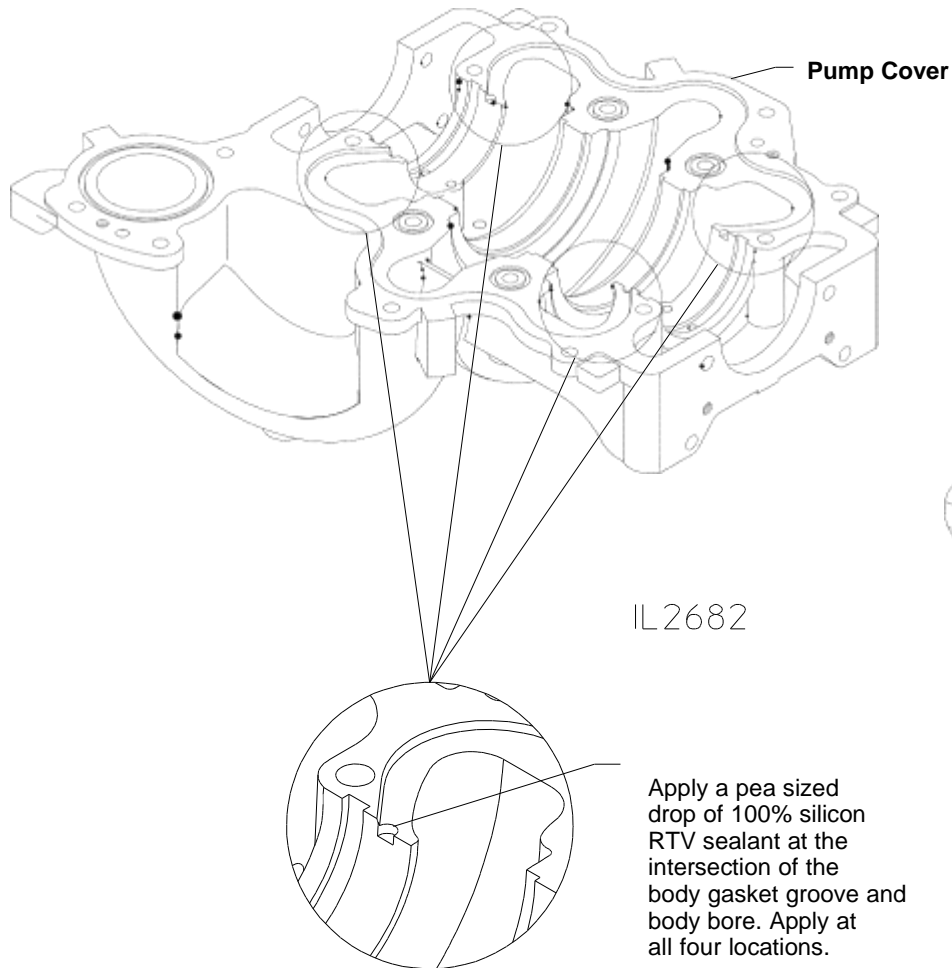
CS'04 Molded Body Gasket

Step 1

Clean all bores and grooves in the pump body and cover thoroughly.

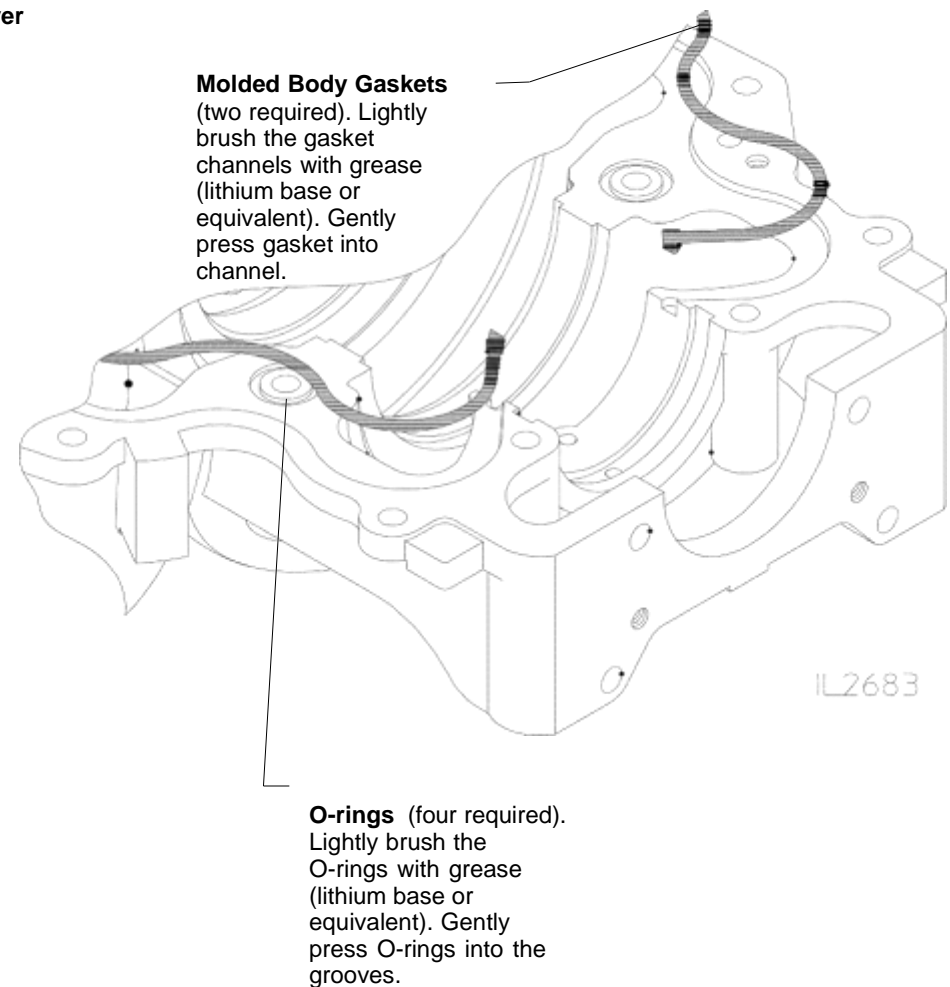
Step 2

Apply silicone to areas identified in diagram below.



Step 3

Install molded body gaskets and O-rings as directed in diagram below.



Continued on Next Page

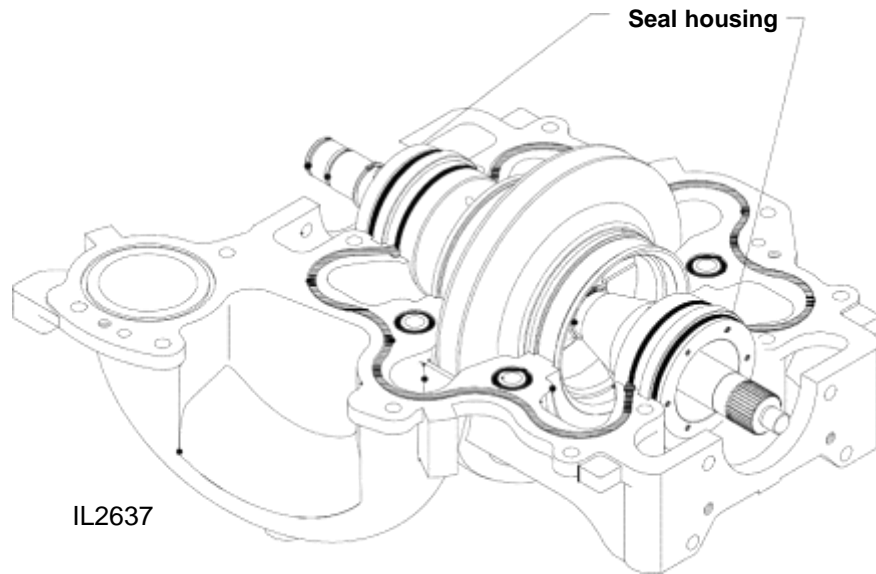
Installing Impeller Shaft Assembly into Pump

CS'04 Molded Body Gasket

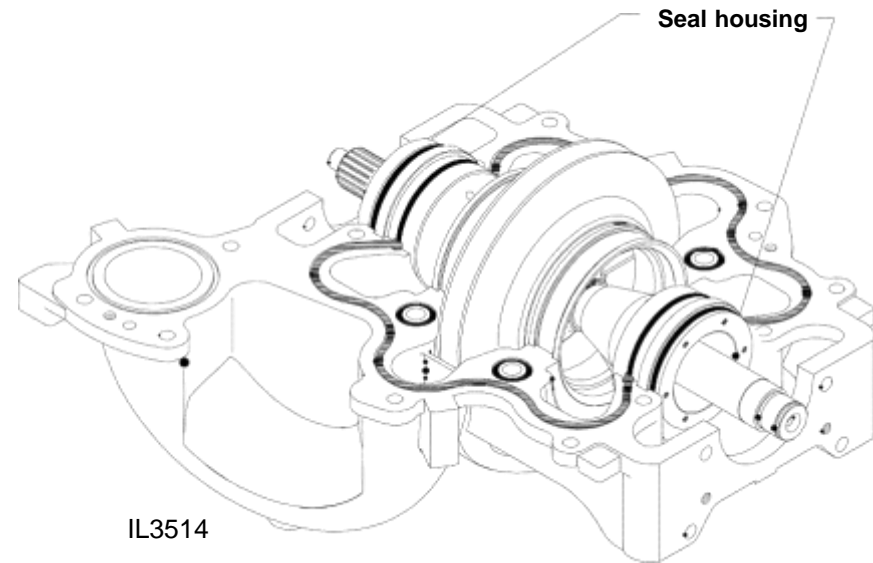
Step 4

1. Coat impeller shaft seal housings and the seal housing bores (in both the pump body and cover) with Never-Seez or equivalent.
2. Install impeller shaft assembly in the pump cover (see diagrams below) making sure the dowl pins in the seal housings engage the holes in the pump cover seal housing bores.

Impeller shaft orientation for transmissions mounted to the rear of the pump and for rear driven direct drive pumps



Impeller shaft orientation for transmissions mounted to the front of the pump and for front driven direct drive pumps

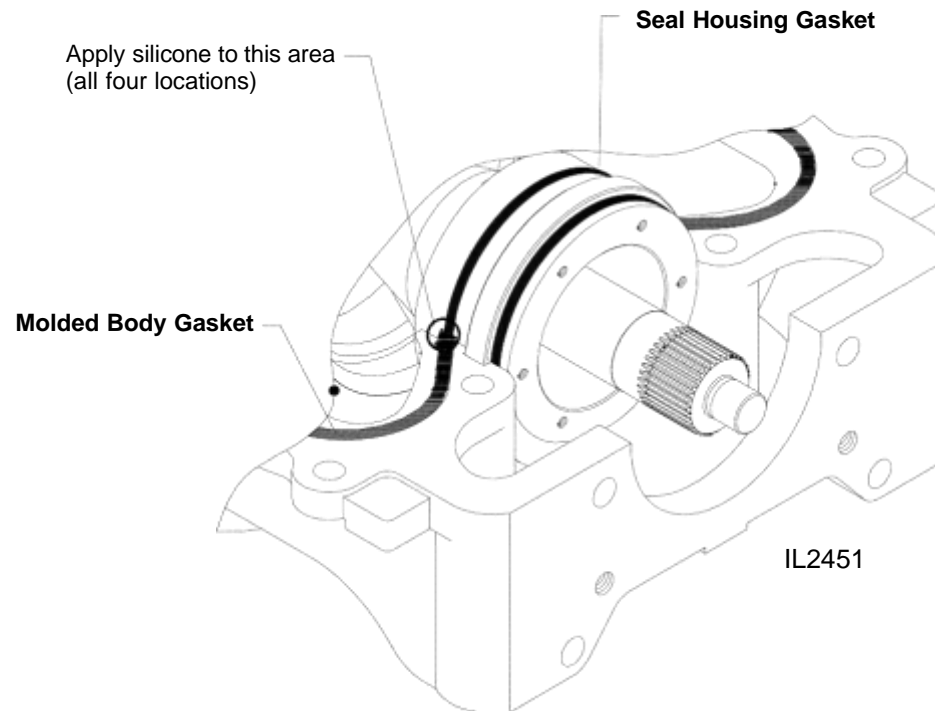


Installing Impeller Shaft Assembly into Pump

CS'04 Molded Body Gasket (Continued)

Step 5

1. Apply a pea sized drop of 100% silicone RTV sealant to the four areas where the molded body gaskets interface with the seal housing gaskets.



Step 6

Attach pump cover to pump body (see next page for hardware).

NOTE: Reassembled pump should be tested per NFPA 1911 to verify performance before vehicle is placed back in service.

Installing Body Hardware

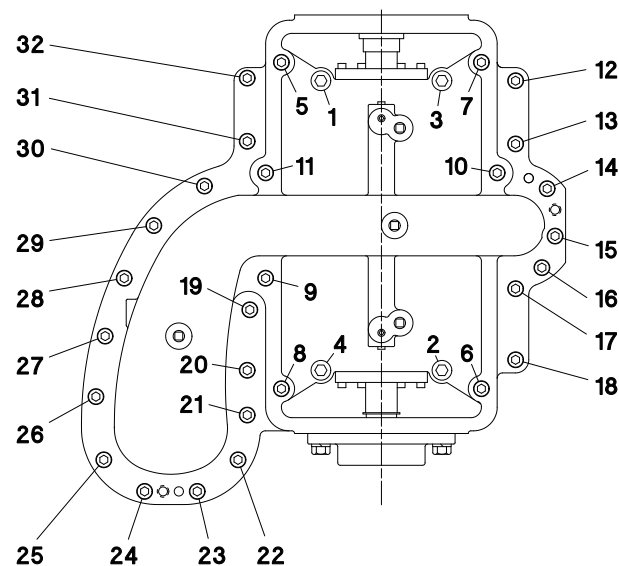
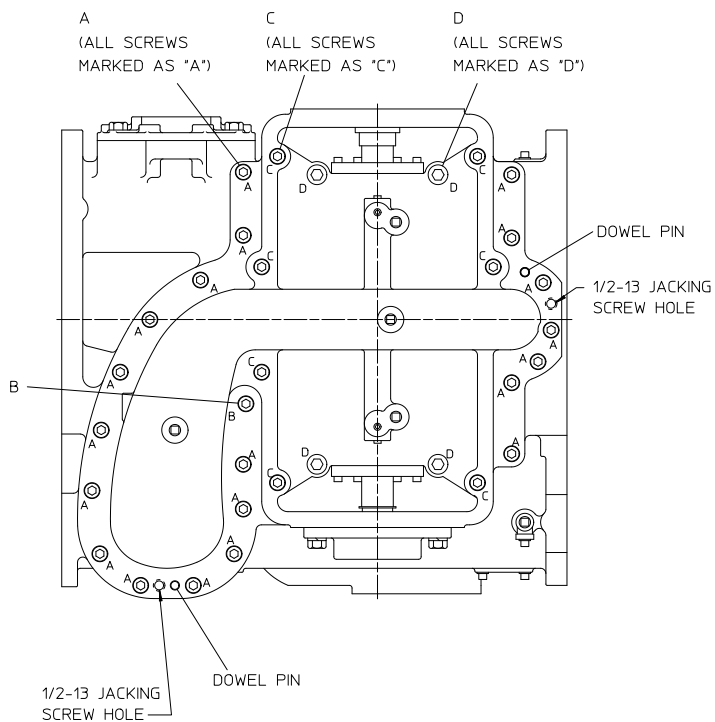
CS '93 Body Design

Fastener Size and Torque

Ref Letter	Size	Type		Qty	Torque
		Prior to Aug 27, 2001	After Aug 27, 2001		
A	1/2-13 x 1-1/2 in.	Hex Head	Socket Head	20	105 LB-FT
B	1/2-13 x 1-1/2 in.	Socket Head	Socket Head	1	
C	5/8-11 x 3 or 3-1/4 in.	Socket Head	Socket Head	4	
D	1/2-13 x 4-3/4 in.	Hex Head	Socket Head	7	

Fastener Tightening Sequence

Sequence	Screws Numbered
First	1, 2, 3, 4
Second	5, 6, 7, 8
Third	9, 10, 11
Fourth	12 to 32



IL1197

Installing Body Hardware

CS'04 Body Design Body Halves Sealed with Molded O-ring Gaskets Note: Fasteners may be tightened in any order.

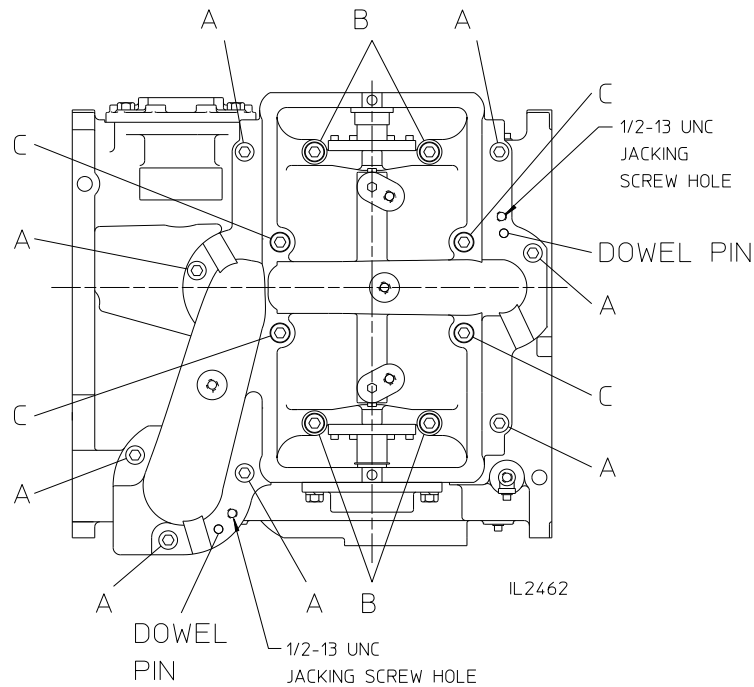
Pumps Built Prior to March 3, 2009

Ref Letter	Size	Qty	Torque
A	Socket Head Screw, 1/2-13 x 1-1/2 in.	8	105 LB-FT
B	Socket Head Screw, 1/2-13 x 4 in.	4	
C	Socket Head Screw, 1/2-13 x 4-3/4 in.	4	

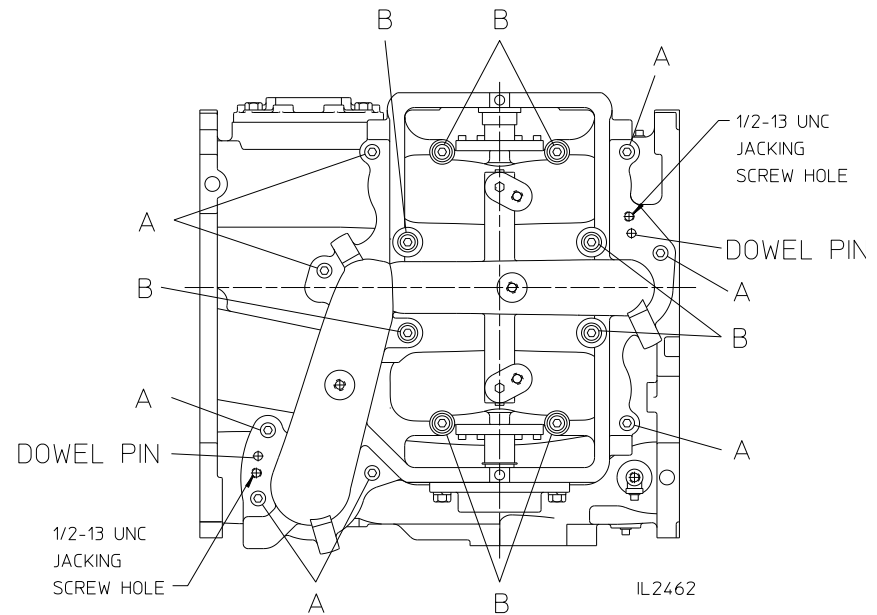
Pumps Built After March 3, 2009

Ref Letter	Size	Qty	Torque
A	Socket Head Screw, 1/2-13 x 1-1/2 in.	8	105
B	Socket Head Screw, 1/2-13 x 4 in.	8	LB-FT

PRIOR TO MARCH, 2009



AFTER MARCH, 2009



Mechanical Seal Removal

(Without Disassembling the Pump)

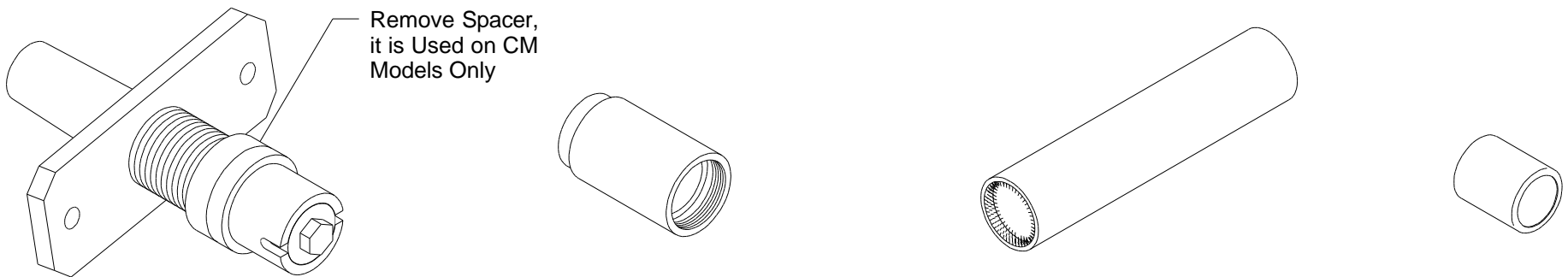
1. Replacing the mechanical seal will be easier when using the special tools designed by Waterous Company. These tools may be purchased from Waterous Company or fabricated by the user.

K956 Outboard bearing removal/installation tools

K628 Mechanical seal removal/installation tools

Parts of Kit K 628

Mechanical Seal Removal / Installation Tools



REMOVAL TOOL
P/N 72385

TOOL PROTECTION SLEEVE/INSTALLATION TOOL
(Use as a cover to protect removal tool threads when not in use)
P/N 62896 PART OF 72385

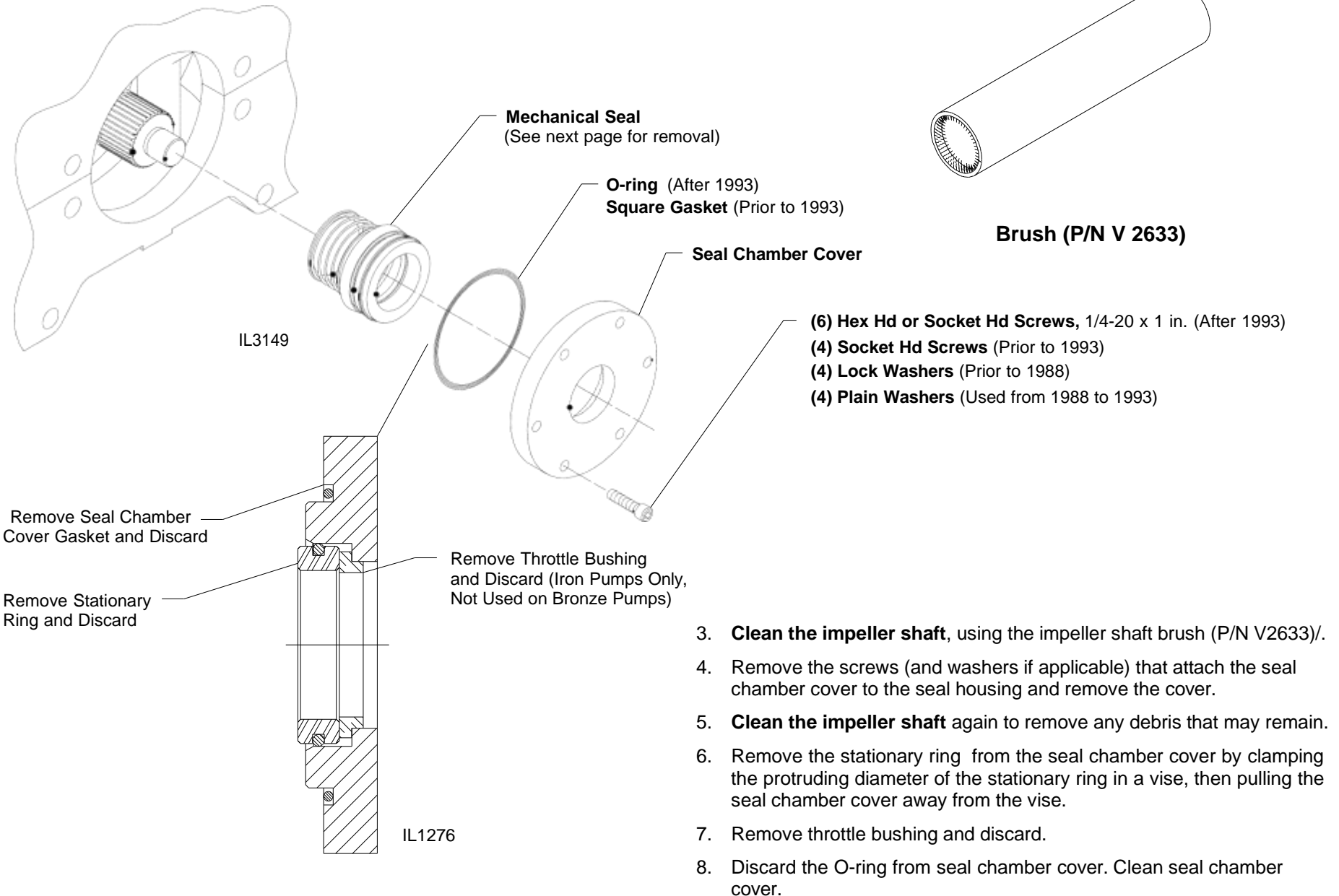
IMPELLER SHAFT BRUSH
P/N V 2633

INSTALLATION SLEEVE
P/N 52280

2. Whenever a mechanical seal requires replacement, the Waterous Service Department strongly recommends replacing both seals; outboard bearing and drive end. **Note: Always replace the outboard seal and bearing assembly first.**

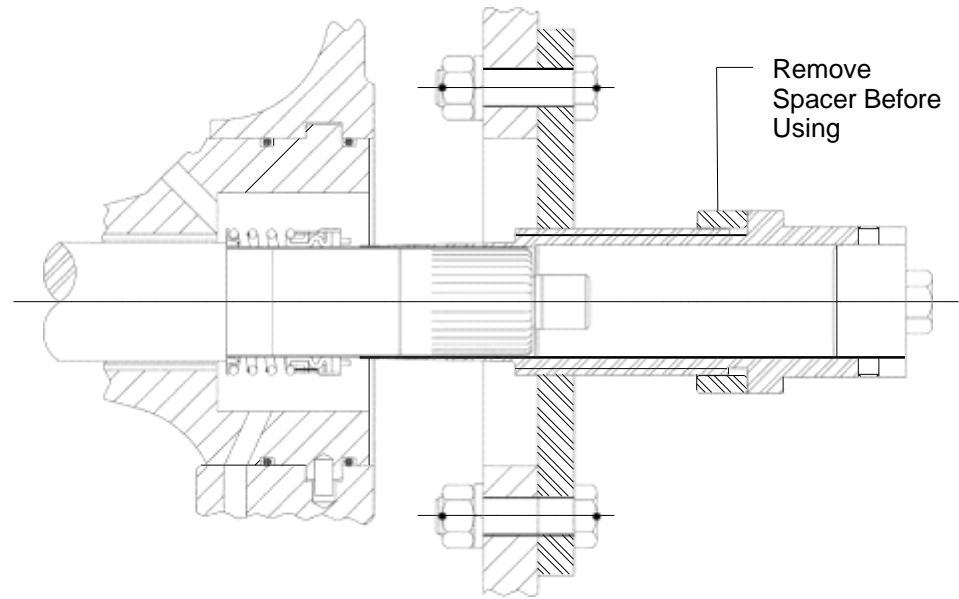
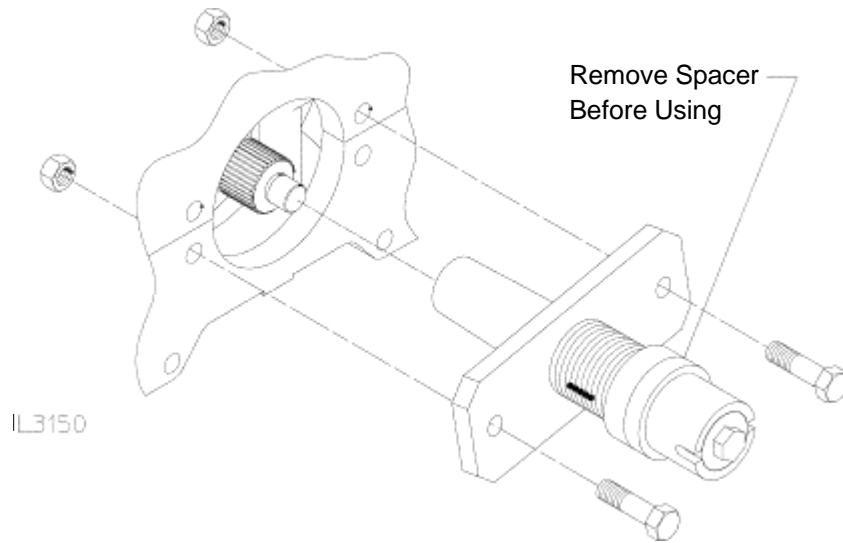
Mechanical Seal Removal

(Without Disassembling the Pump)



Mechanical Seal Removal

(Without Disassembling the Pump)



9. Attach the mechanical seal removal tool to the pump body using two of the mounting holes in the body and the screws and nuts from the bearing housing. The plate must be flush with the pump body, but tighten screws hand-tight only.
10. Turn the hex head on the removal tool clockwise until it touches seal, then 1 inch to 1-1/4 inch further (the primary ring in the mechanical seal may break from the force).
11. Turn the hex head on the removal tool counterclockwise to remove the seal.
12. Remove the tool and the seal.
13. Remove spring retainer and spring if they do not come out with the seal. Clean seal chamber and impeller shaft.
14. Clean the sealing surface behind the seal chamber cover on the seal housing.

CAUTION

Remove spacer between removal tool and mounting plate before using. The spacer is used on two-stage CM models.

Mechanical Seal Installation

CAUTION

The entire mechanical seal installation procedure shall be completed without interruption. Delays may cause seal bellows to seat improperly.

Whenever a mechanical seal requires replacement, the Waterous Service Department strongly recommends replacing both seals; outboard bearing and drive end.

Note: Always replace the seal and bearing on outboard end first.

1. Inspect the new primary ring and stationary ring sealing surfaces. These surfaces should be "mirror smooth" and without scratches. To identify the stationary ring sealing surface examine the outside diameter of the ring. There is a chamfer towards the backside and the o-ring is close to the back.

CAUTION

Try not to touch the "mirror smooth" surfaces. If surfaces are touched clean surface with denatured alcohol and a soft cloth.

CAUTION

The mechanical seal primary and stationary rings are made of brittle material. The material can be cracked or chipped. Extra care must be taken when handling these rings.

2. Sub- Assemble seal chamber cover. See Figure 1. Install a new throttle bushing in the seal chamber cover. (A throttle bushing is not used on bronze pumps.) Install new stationary ring with new O- ring in the seal chamber cover, the mirror smooth seal surface should be visible, the chamfered O.D. edge should seat on the throttle bushing. Install new seal chamber cover O- ring gasket in the seal chamber cover.

CAUTION

The throttle bushing must be seated properly to avoid misalignment of the mating surfaces of the mechanical seal.

3. Install seals. See Figures 2 and 3.
 - d. On the outboard end of the pump, install the installation sleeve on the shaft which will allow the seal to slip over the shaft shoulder. Failure to use the installation sleeve may cause damage to the seal. Liberally coat shaft and sleeve with lubricant (supplied with kit) before installing the mechanical seal.
 - e. Place spring retainer and spring on the shaft. Coat inside of mechanical seal bellows with lubricant and push seal on with installation tool until the spring retainer makes contact with shaft shoulder. Continue pushing the seal until the spring is fully compressed. Remove the installation tool slowly allowing the spring to relax. Remove the protection sleeve from the shaft (outboard end only).

CAUTION

Do not get lubricant on the sealing surfaces on the stationary ring or primary ring. If surfaces get lubricant on them clean with a soft cloth and denatured alcohol.

Note: If Waterous Mechanical Seal Lubricant part no. 52608 is not available, P80 rubber lubricant, straight dish soap or glycerin may be substituted.

4. Install seal chamber cover. See Figure 4.
 - a. Be sure the stationary ring, O-ring, throttle bushing and O-ring gasket are installed in seal chamber cover (See Step 2).
 - b. Install the seal chamber cover on the shaft and slowly push on with installation tool. The seal chamber cover will guide the mechanical seal into place. When the cover contacts the pump body, attach with the screws previously removed during disassembly.
- Note: Before proceeding, both replacement seals (outboard and drive end) and the outboard bearing should be installed. As recommended earlier, both seals should be replaced at the same time. Outboard end seal and bearing assembly should be completed first.**
5. Turn impeller shaft by hand at least two revolutions in both a clockwise and counter-clockwise direction to seat seals.
 6. Hydrostatically test pump at 150 P.S.I.G. Observe impeller shaft at throttle bushing and intersection of the seal chamber cover with pump body split line for leaks. Turn impeller shaft by hand while retaining the hydrostatic pressure to see if there is leakage between the throttle bushing and impeller shaft. If leakage persists, after one or two minutes of rotation (10 to 12 turns) disassemble and inspect.

Mechanical Seal Installation - Continued

Figure 1. Seal Chamber Cover Sub-Assembly

1. Install new throttle bushing (iron Pumps Only)
2. Install new seal stationary ring.
3. Install new gasket or O-ring.

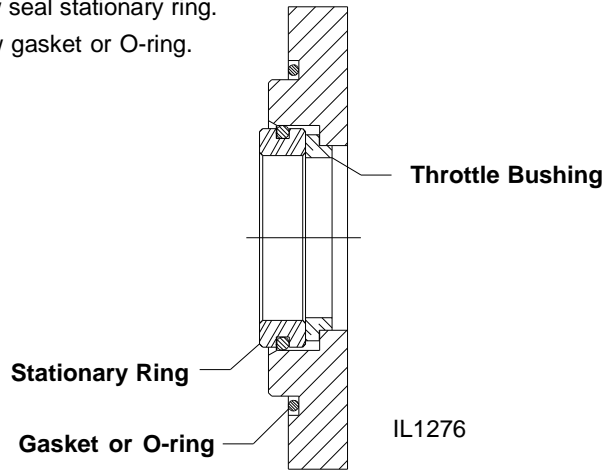


Figure 3. Transmission End Seal Installation

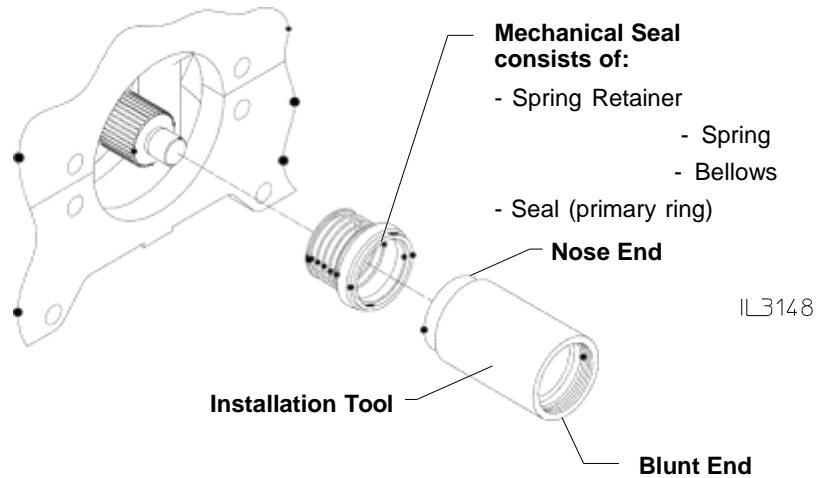


Figure 2. Outboard Bearing End Seal Installation

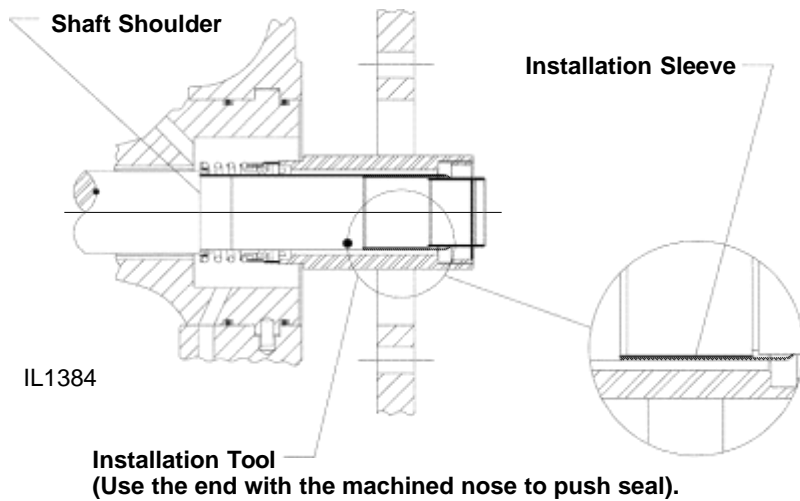
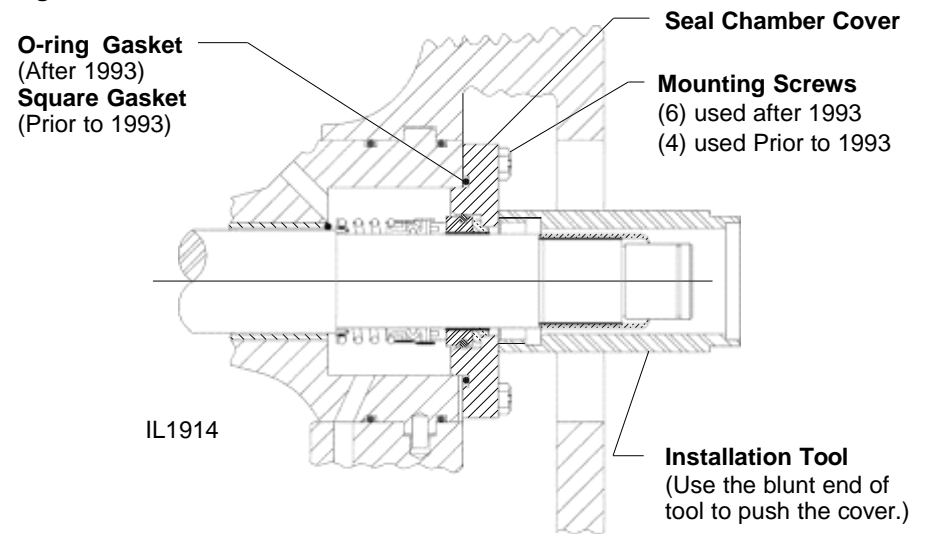


Figure 4. Seal Chamber Cover Installation



Packing - Braided Flexible Graphite (BFG)

Waterous uses a braided graphite fiber, with reinforced flexible graphite yarns and high purity graphite filament yarns that appear on the corners as well as throughout the body of the packing. The graphite reinforcement allows the flexible graphite yarns to provide greater tensile strength.

This type of packing reduces the frictional heat created between the shaft and the I.D. of the packing. By dissipating the heat through the cross section of the packing, the heat is transferred to the packing gland and the seal housing.

Packing Removal

WARNING

**Truck movement hazard.
May cause serious personal injury.**

Stop engine, set the parking brake and chock the wheels before going under truck to remove packing.

1. Remove the unbalanced nuts, flat washers and packing gland halves from one end of the pump.
2. Engage the pump per appropriate operating instructions. Operate the pump gradually increasing the discharge pressure until the packing is forced out of the seal housing. Pressure in excess of 300 psi (20.7 bar) may be required.

CAUTION

**Pump overheating hazard.
May cause damage to the pump.**

Circulate enough water through the pump to prevent overheating. Do not pressurize the pump over the rated maximum discharge pressure of the pump.

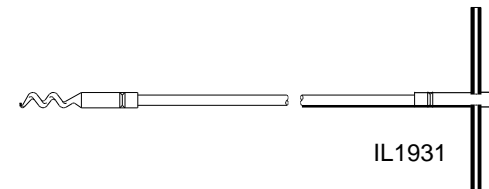
WARNING

Packing Gland and Pump Body Temperature Hazard. May result in serious burns.

Heat is dissipated through the cross-section of the packing, transferring the heat to the packing gland and pump body.

3. If all the packing is not forced out, it may be necessary to remove the remaining packing by hand, using a pick or similar device. Waterous has a packing removal tool (P/N 5782) available for this purpose.
4. Replace packing per instructions below, repeating the procedure for the opposite end of the pump.

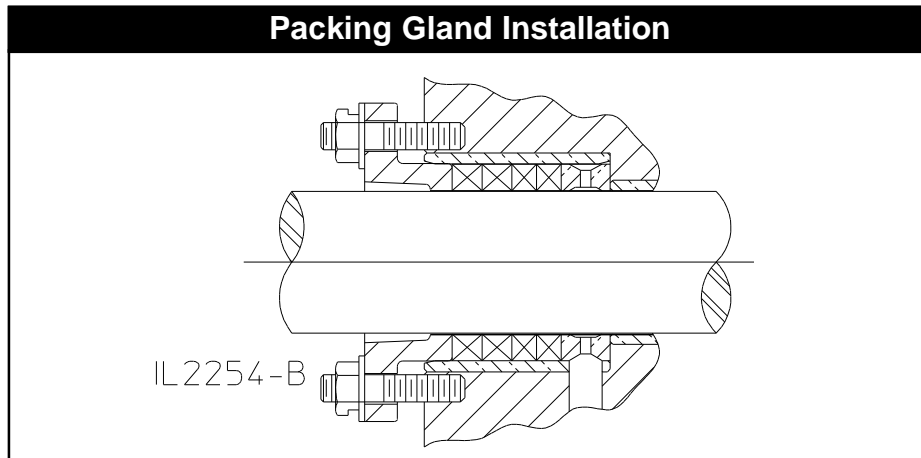
Packing Removal Tool



Packing Installation

1. Before installing the new packing, be sure that all of the old packing is removed from the seal housing.
2. Be sure that the seal housing and the shaft are clean and free of any packing residue.
3. Lightly lubricate the packing ring I.D. and O.D. with mineral oil, automotive grease or engine oil for installation purposes.
4. Make sure packing is clean.
5. Carefully install one ring of packing. With the aid of packing glands, push the packing into the seal housing as far as possible. Repeat this operation with each ring, staggering the joints at least 90° apart. Install the packing rings until the top of the last ring is about 1/4 inch from the end of the seal housing (at least 1/8 inch is required for the packing gland nose entrance into the stuffing box).
6. Install packing glands, nuts and washers. Tighten gland nuts one flat beyond finger tight.

NOTE: The milled slot on the nut should face the gland.



7. Adjust packing as required per instructions on the next page.

Packing Adjustment

The pump packing is designed and adjusted to drip slightly during operation. This is to cool and lubricate the packing. It is desirable to adjust the stuffing box to maintain a leakage rate of 10 to 120 drops per minute when operating at a discharge pressure of 150 psi (10.3 bar).

Leakage through the braided flexible graphite (BFG) packing may be at zero or diminish to zero leakage and may not respond to loosening of the packing nuts to restore leakage, see Adjustment Step 3. While the packing gland and stuffing box and pump body may reach high temperatures during this time, the impeller shaft will be protected from heat damage.

CAUTION

**Pump overheating hazard.
May cause damage to the pump.**

Circulate enough water through the pump to prevent overheating.



WARNING

**Truck movement hazard.
May cause serious personal injury.**

Stop engine, set the parking brake and chock the wheels before going under truck to adjust packing.

1. Engage pump per appropriate operating instructions. Operate the pump at the capacity pressure shown on the serial plate for ten (10) minutes.

CAUTION

Observe the stuffing box drip rate from the side of the truck.

2. Observe leakage. Normal leakage is 10-120 drops per minute.



WARNING

Packing Gland and Pump Body Temperature Hazard. May result in serious burns.

Heat is dissipated through the cross-section of the packing, transferring the heat to the packing gland and pump body.

3. If drip rate is considered high, stop the engine and tighten the packing gland nuts 1/2 to 1 flat (maximum of 1/6 of a revolution). Make appropriate adjustments starting with 1 flat, when approaching the final adjustment reduce to 1/2 flat. This reduces the possibility of over tightening. **Tighten the gland nuts equally to ensure that the packing gland goes on straight.** Gradually reducing leakage during the first hour of operation will result in a better seal over a longer period of time. Adjust the drip rate on one stuffing box until the appropriate rate is obtained, then proceed to the other end of the pump.

CAUTION

Stopping the leakage entirely at this point will cause the packing to overheat.

4. Operate the pump at the capacity pressure shown on the serial plate for two (2) minutes to let packing run in, then observe the drip rate.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the drop rate is acceptable.

NOTE: After adjusting the packing, the pump must pass the following vacuum test described below.

Vacuum Test

1. Remove all caps except openings without valves. Close all discharge, intake and drain valves and other similar openings. Operate priming device to create a vacuum of about 22 in. Hg/.735 atmosphere in pump, then stop primer and engine.
2. Watch the pressure gauge; if vacuum drops more than 10 in. Hg/.334 atmospheres in five (5) minutes, listen for air leaks around the packing gland, gaskets, valves, etc.
3. Replace gaskets, re-adjust packing, repack or otherwise repair source of trouble.
4. Repeat test.